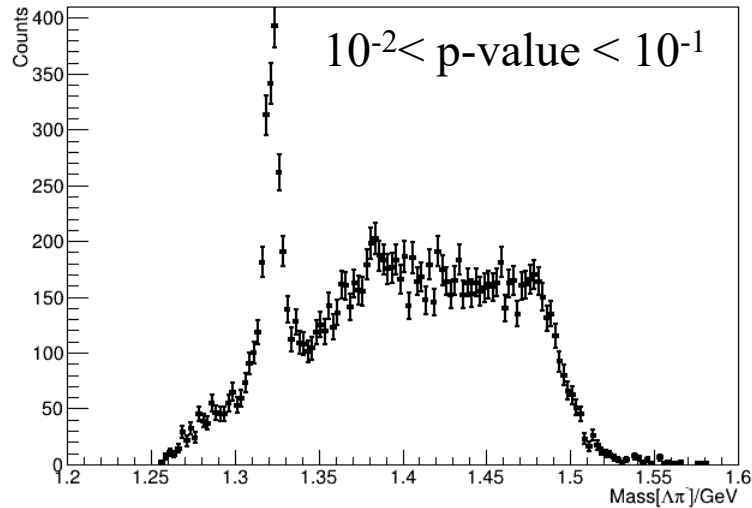


Update on E^- pid

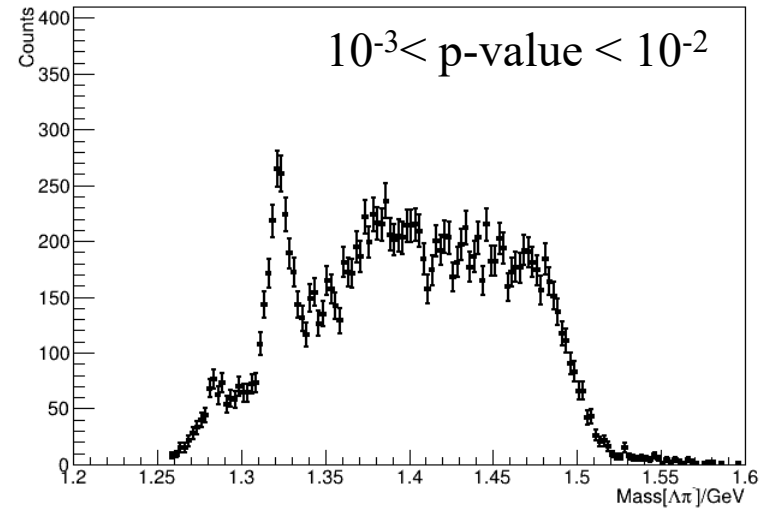
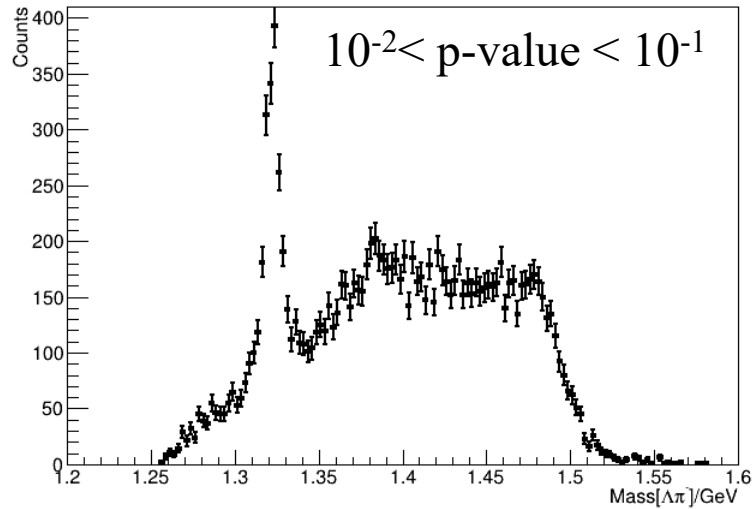
Michael Dugger
and
Katelyn Hernandez



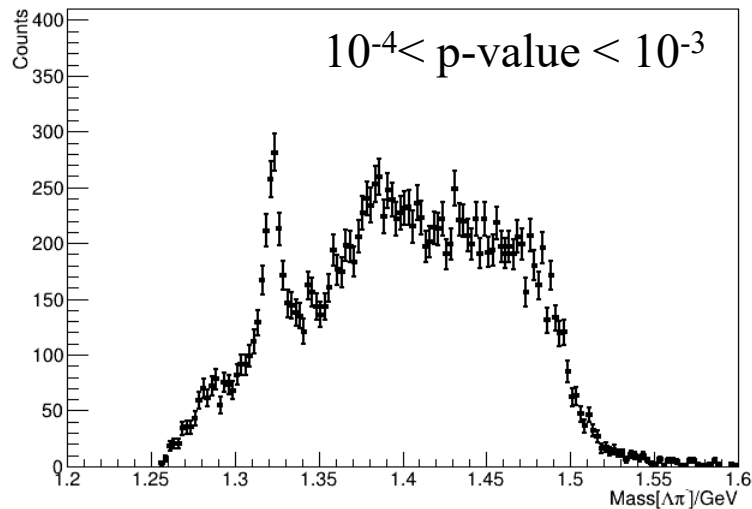
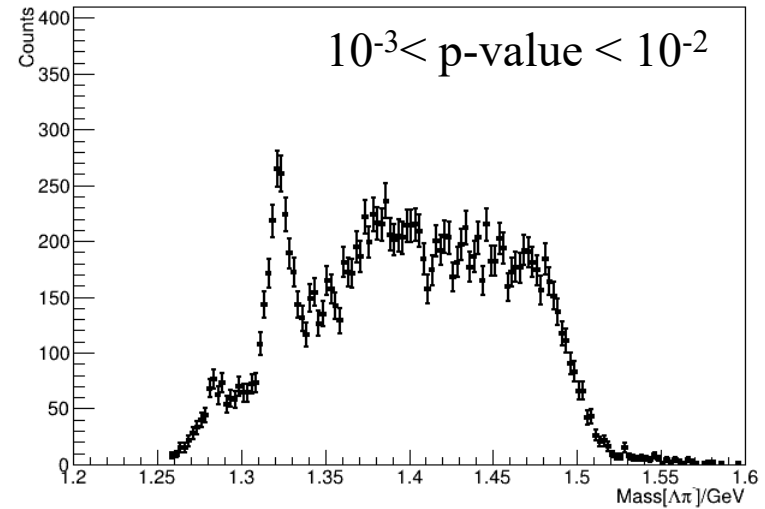
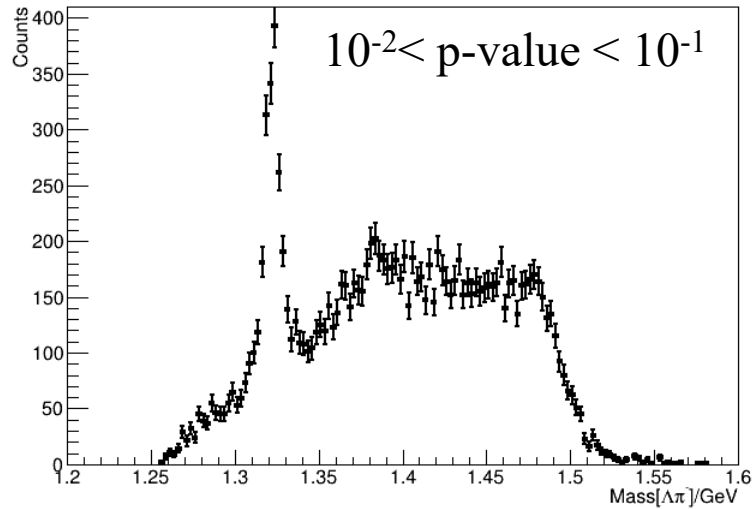
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



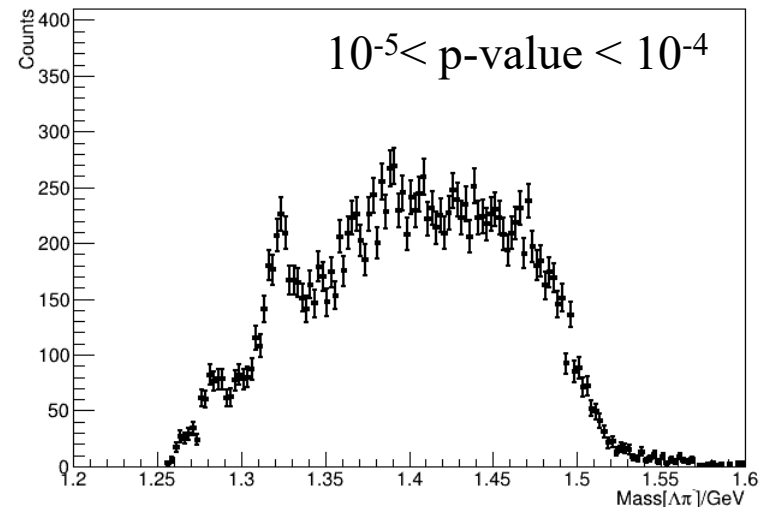
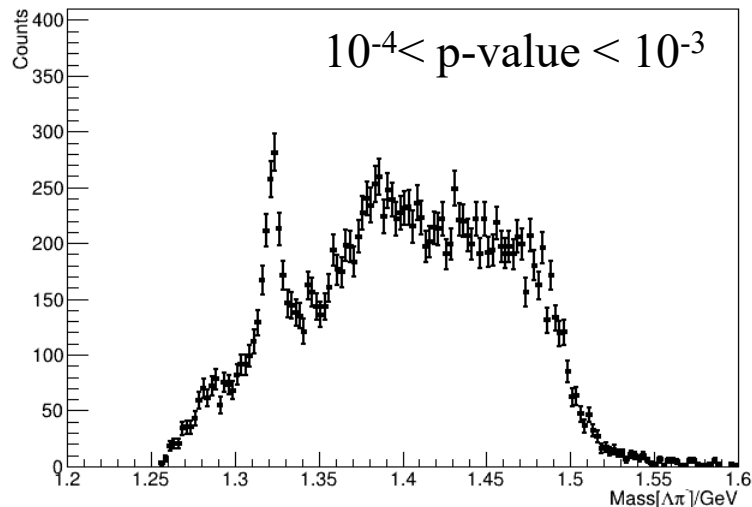
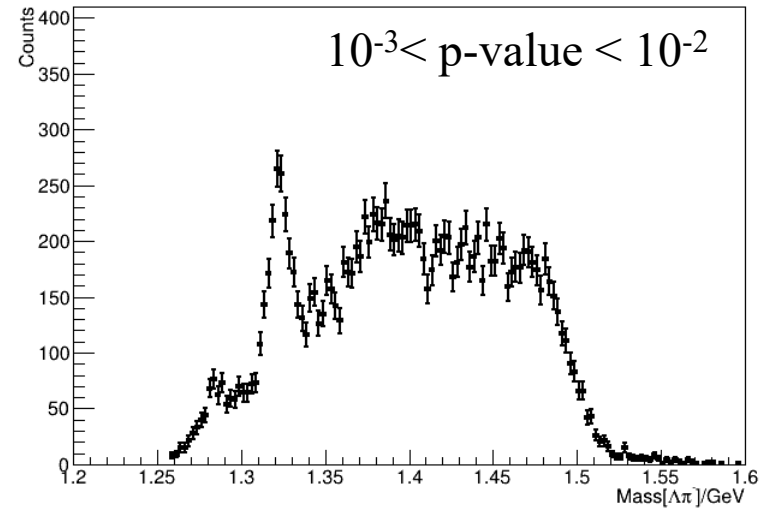
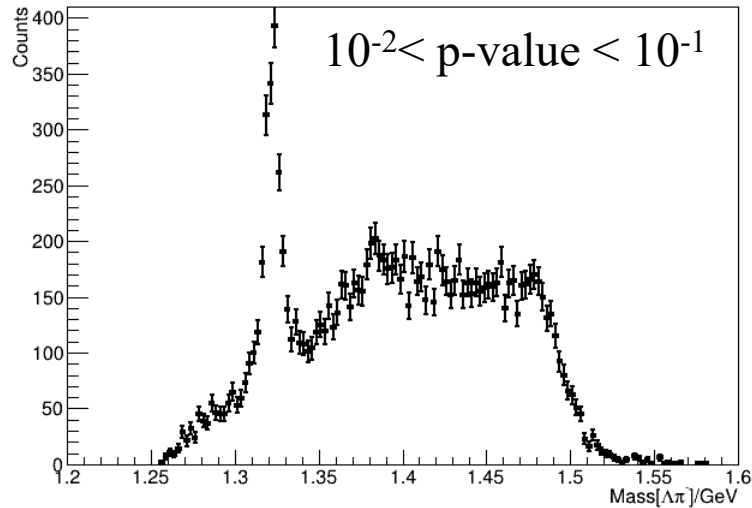
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



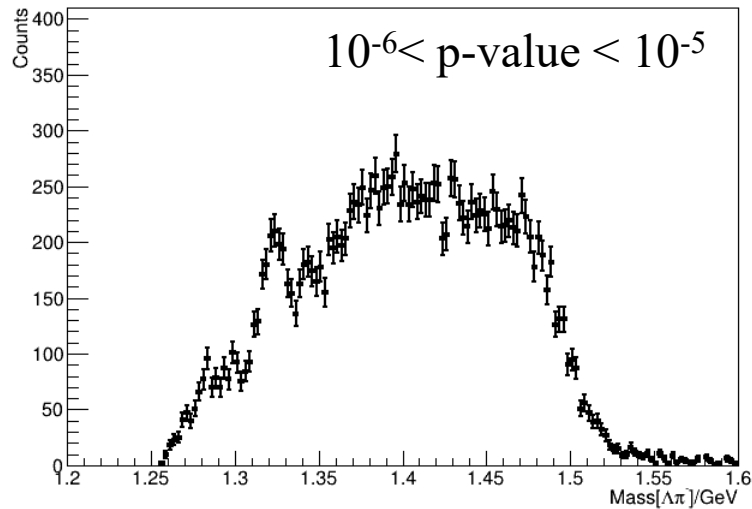
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



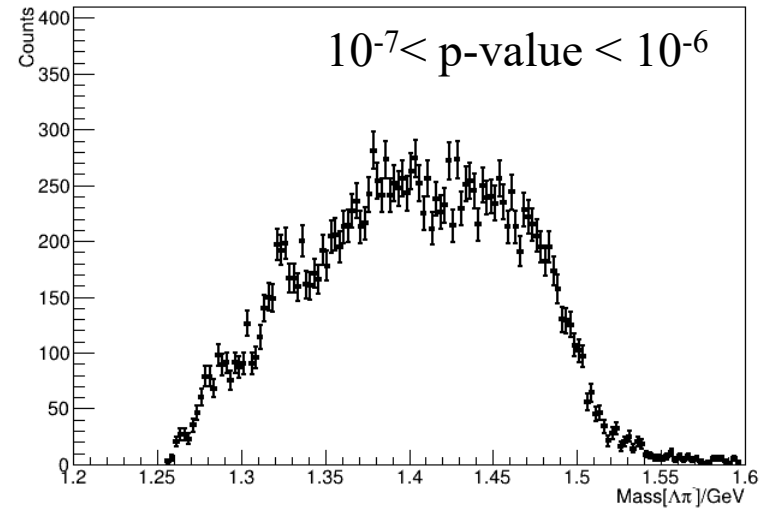
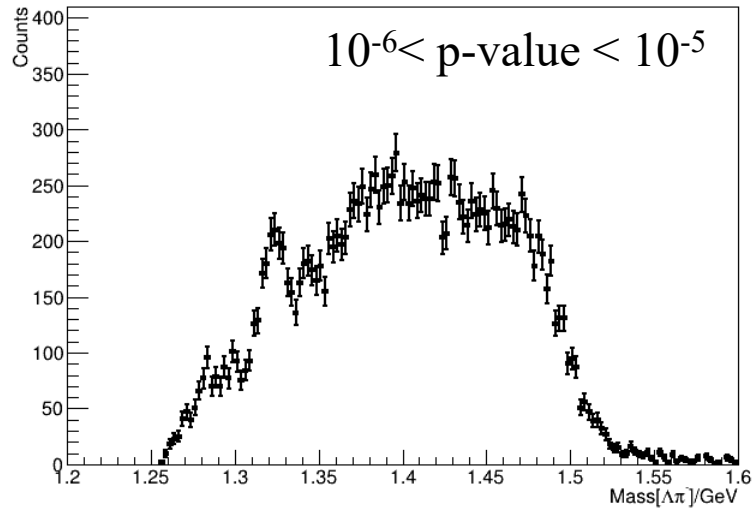
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



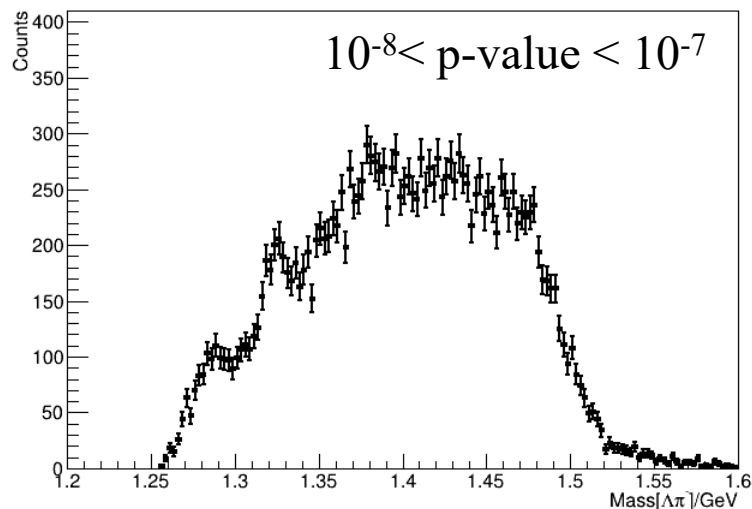
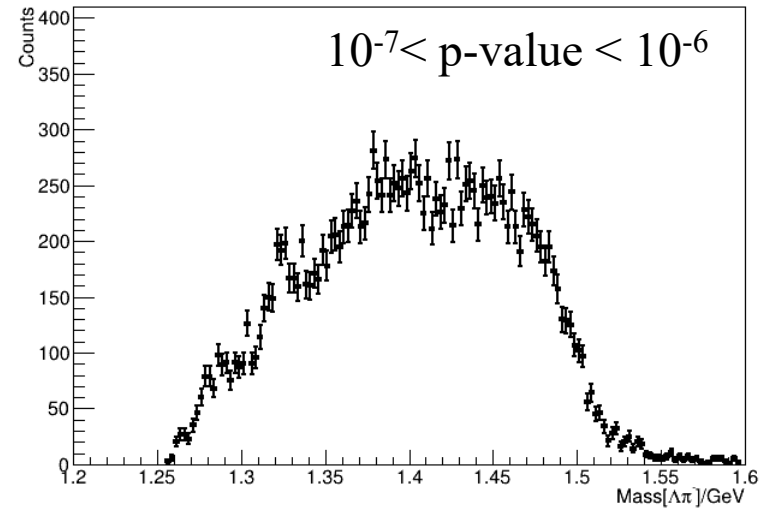
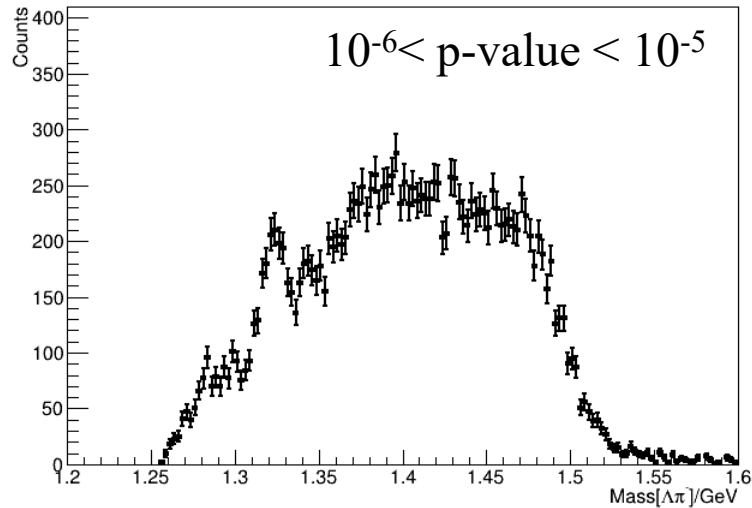
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



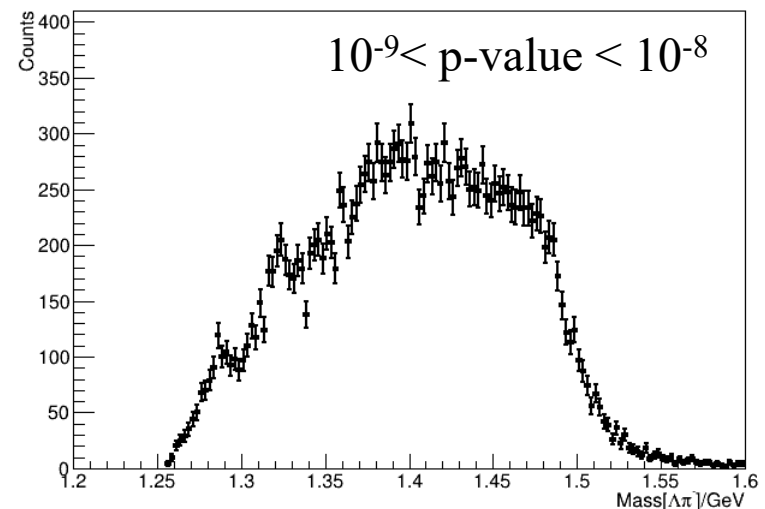
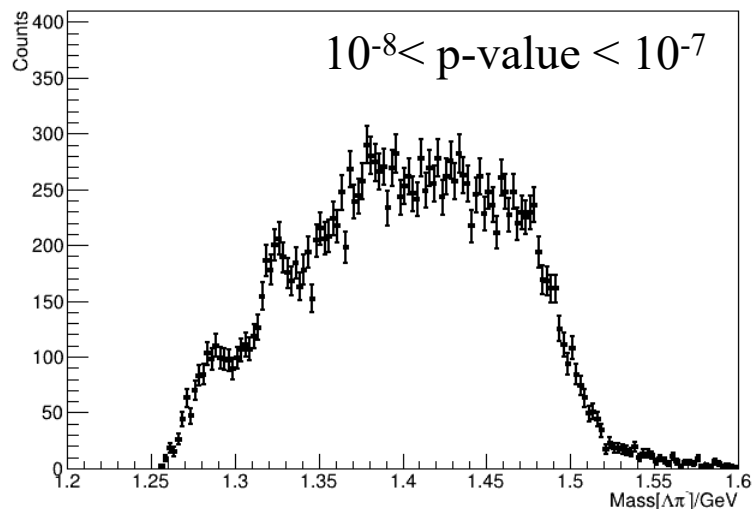
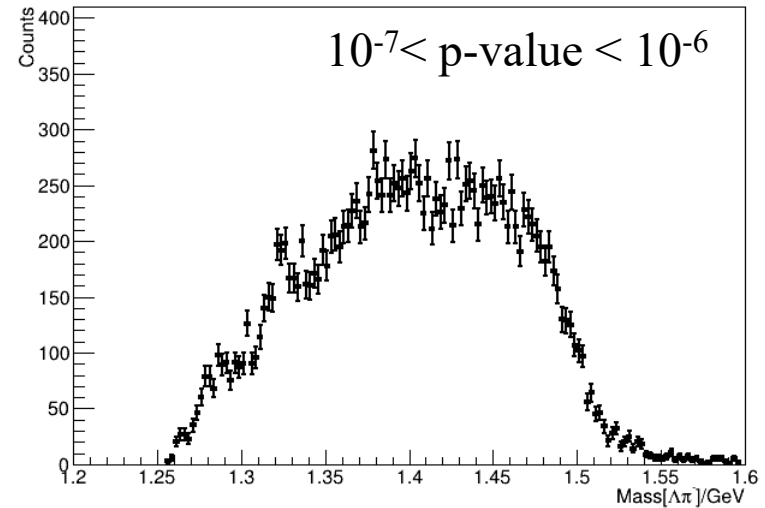
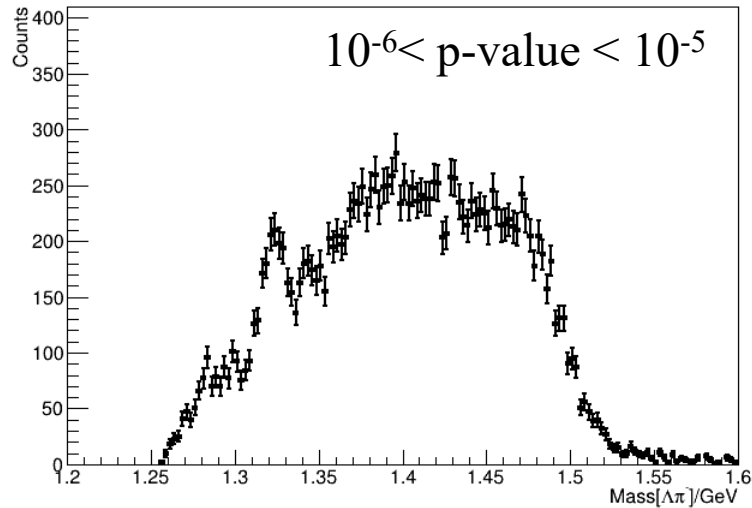
Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



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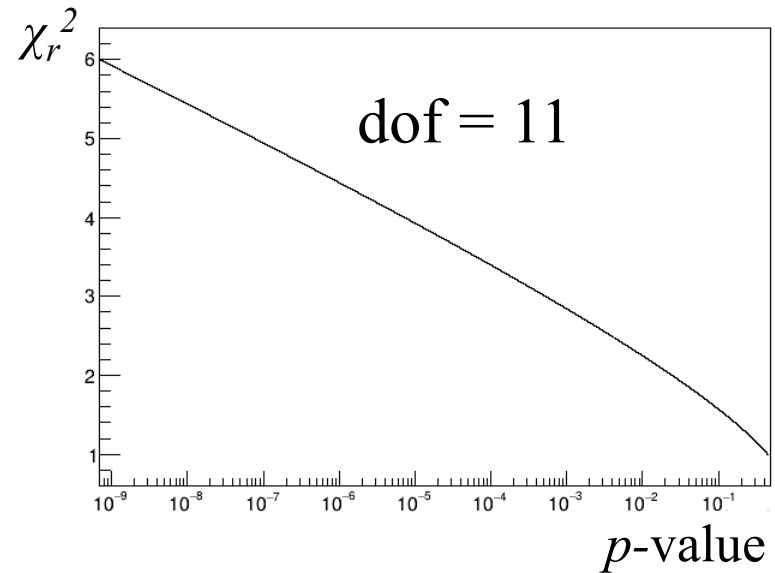


Mass[$\Lambda\pi$] Analysis: p -value intervals



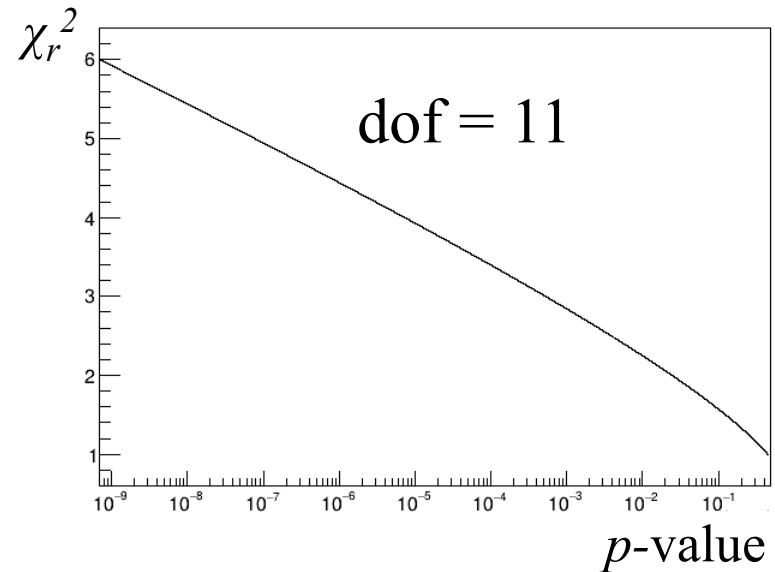
Reduced χ^2 vs. p -value for kinematic fit

- The kinematic fit:
 $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ E^- \pi^0$



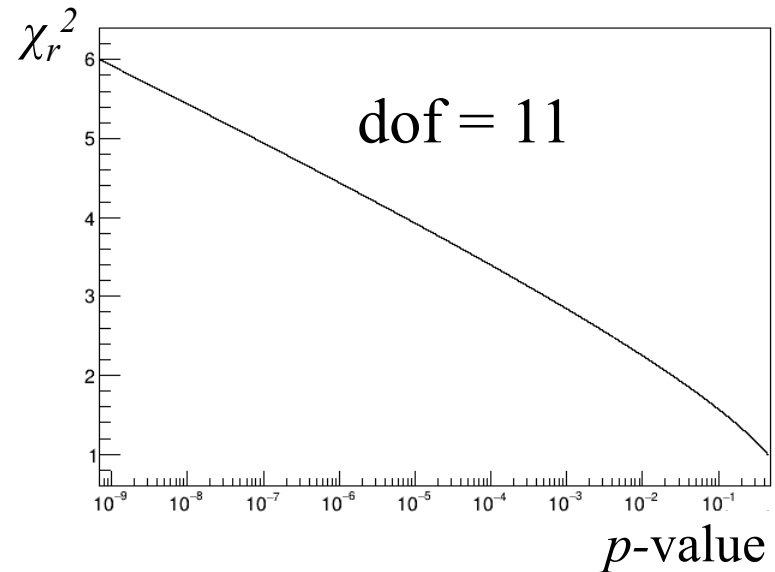
Reduced χ^2 vs. p -value for kinematic fit

- The kinematic fit:
 $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$, where $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$,
 $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$ and
 $\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi^-$



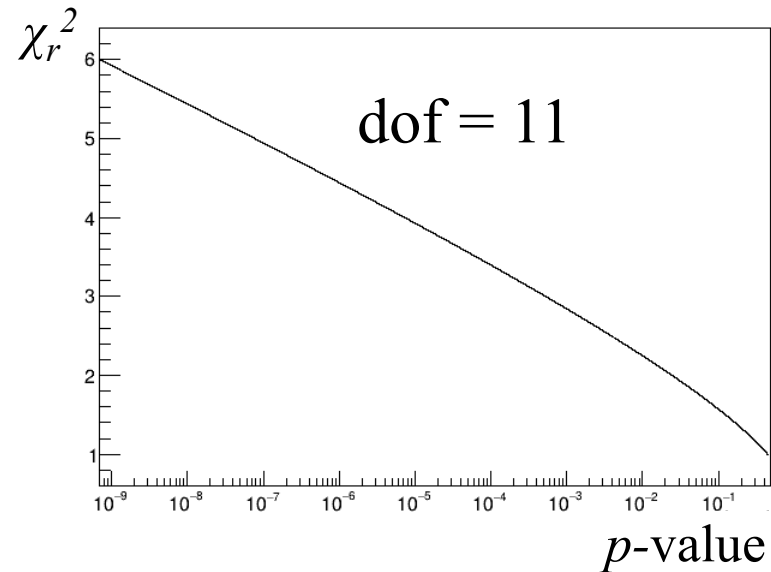
Reduced χ^2 vs. p -value for kinematic fit

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 $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$, where $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$,
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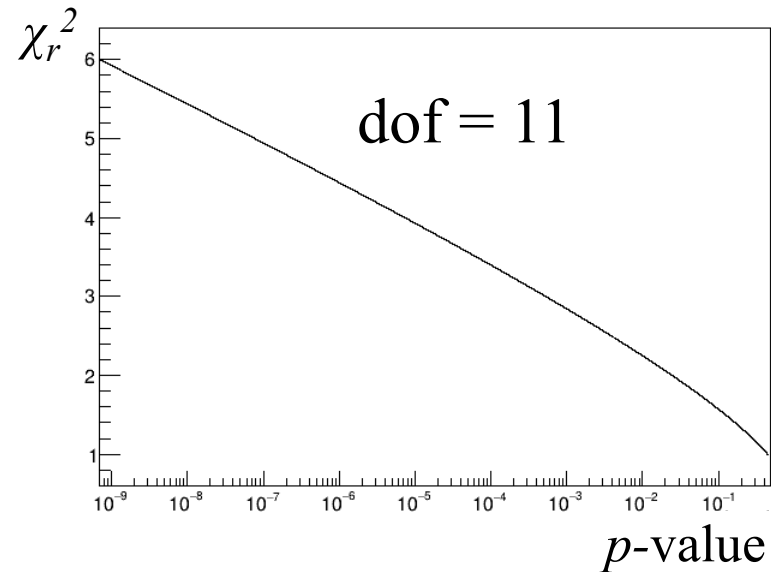


Note:

- p -value = 10^{-8} when $\chi_r^2 \sim 5.44$
- p -value = 10^{-1} when $\chi_r^2 \sim 1.57$
- p -value ~ 0.44 when $\chi_r^2 = 1.0$

Reduced χ^2 vs. p -value for kinematic fit

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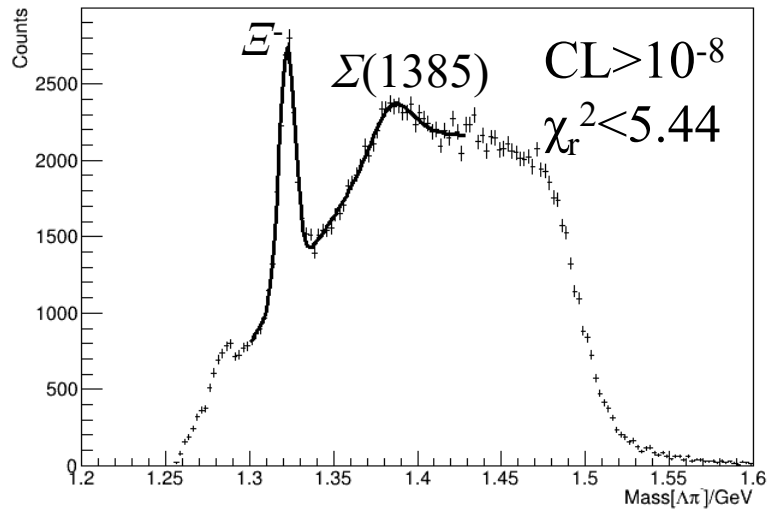


Note:

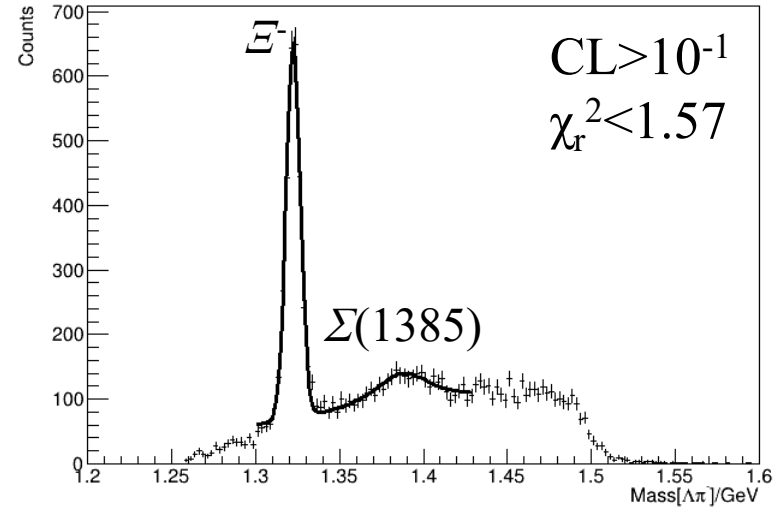
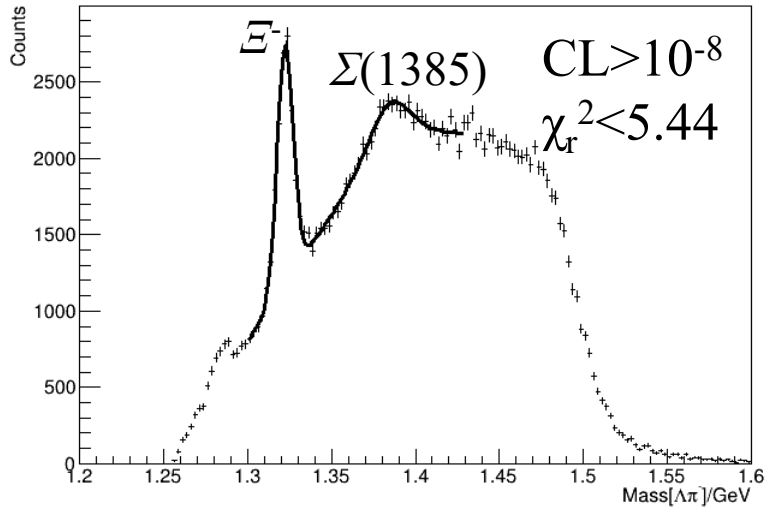
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- p -value ~ 0.44 when $\chi_r^2 = 1.0$

Probably about as
extreme as we would
ever want to go

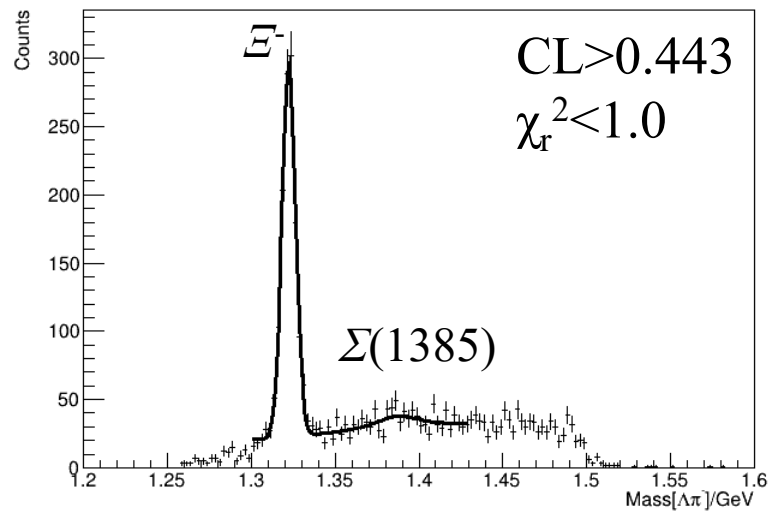
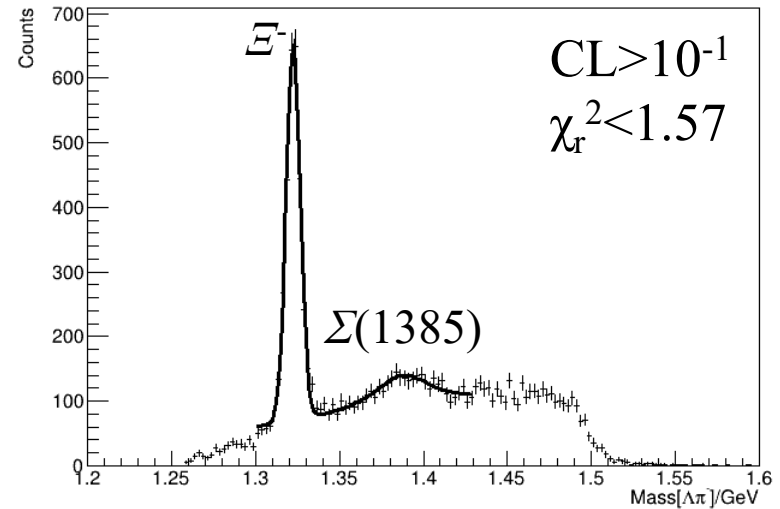
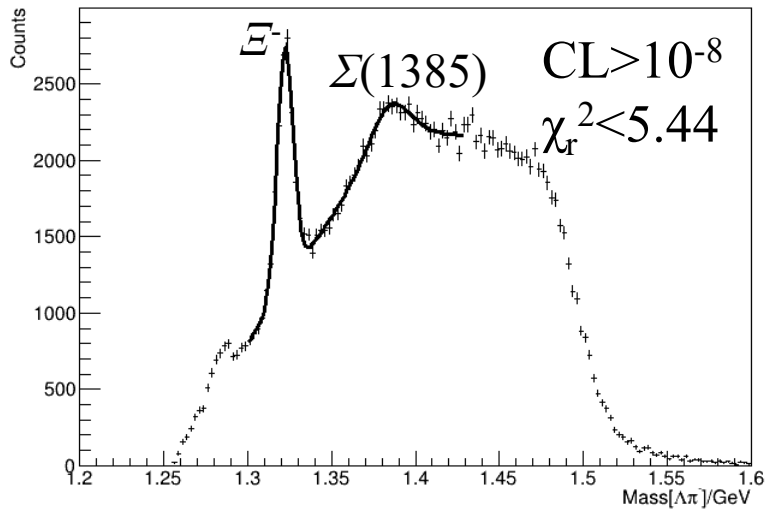
Ξ^* Analysis: mass $[\Lambda\pi^-]$



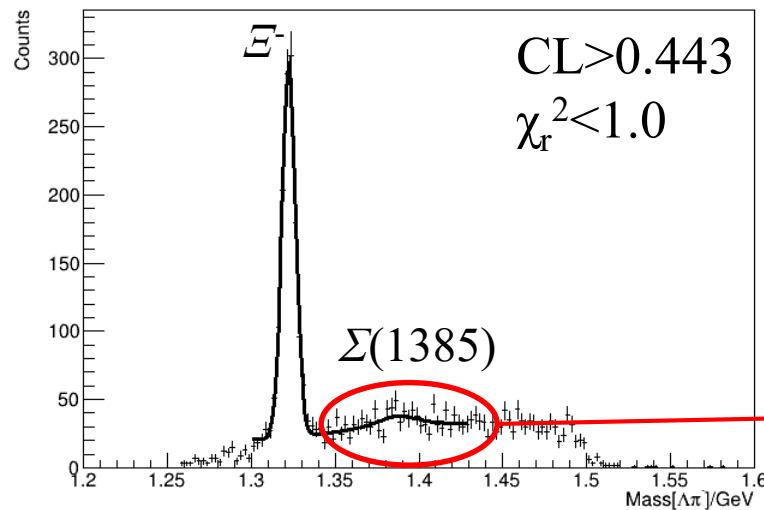
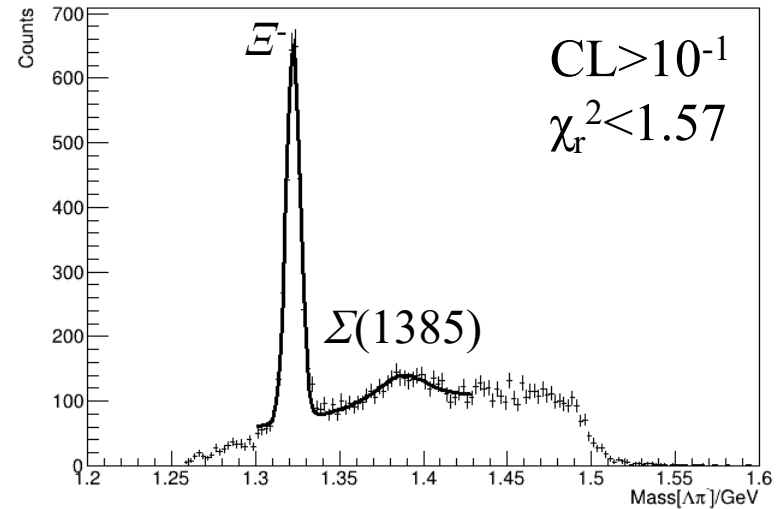
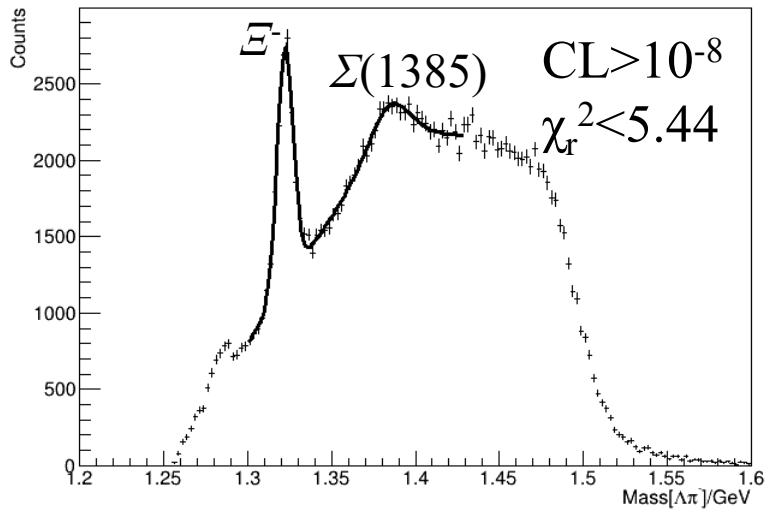
E^* Analysis: mass $[\Lambda\pi^-]$



E^* Analysis: mass $[\Lambda\pi^-]$

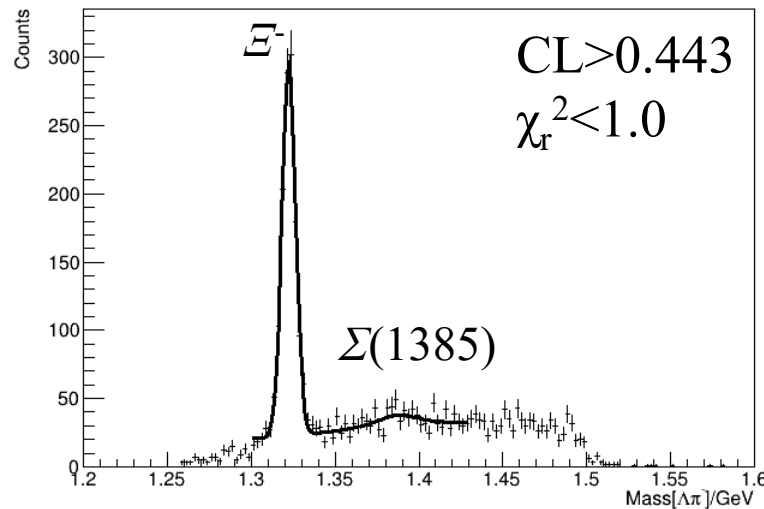
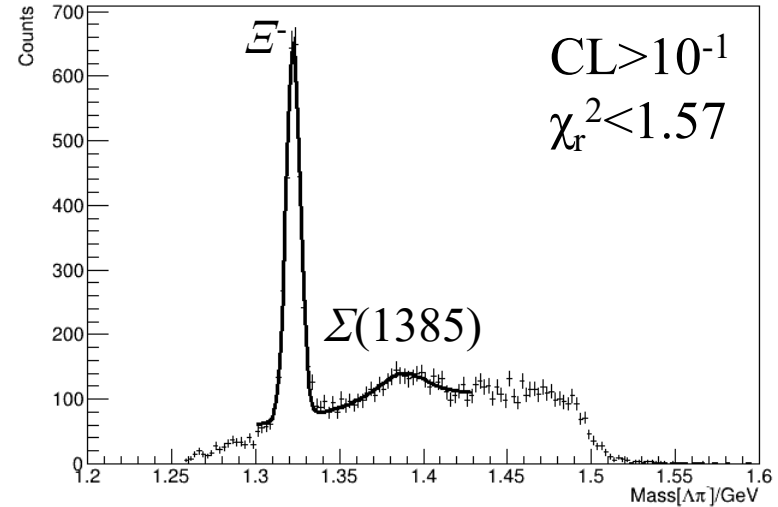
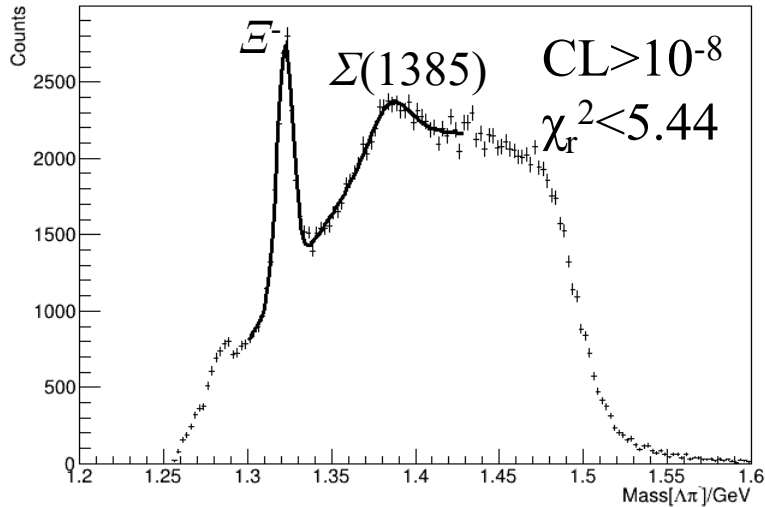


E^* Analysis: mass $[\Lambda\pi^-]$



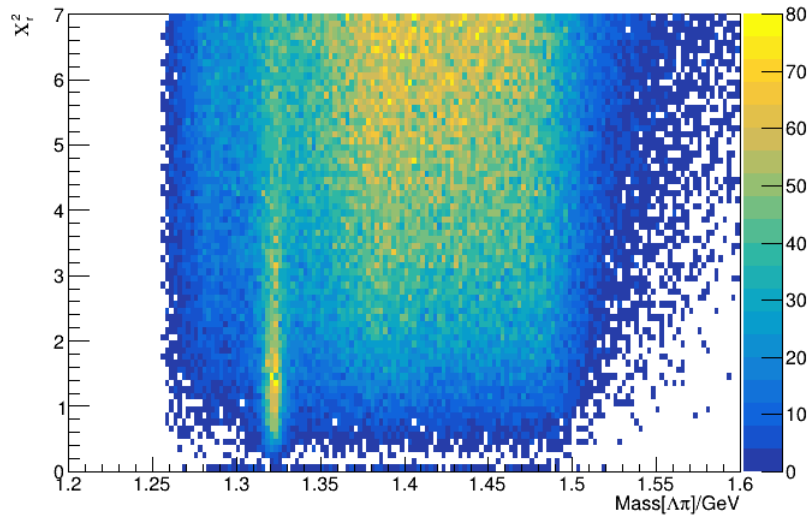
Almost completely removed, but cut is too extreme

E^* Analysis: mass $[\Lambda\pi^-]$

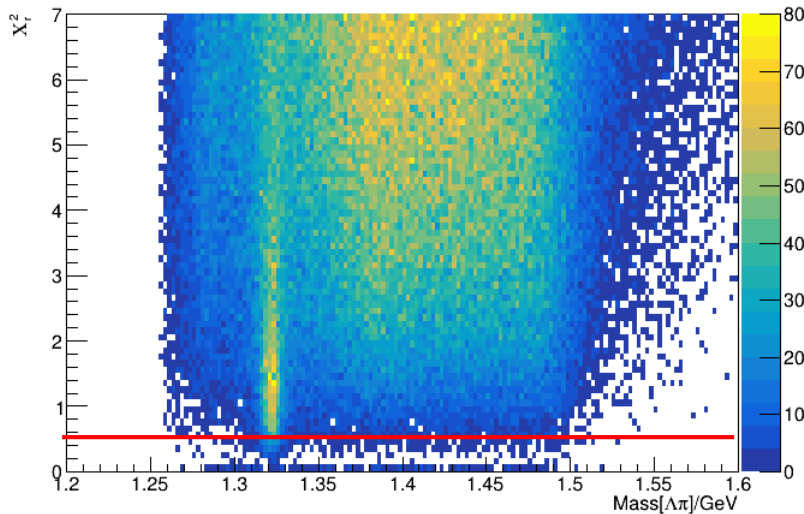


• What if we go to even lower χ_r^2 values (for the heck of it)?

χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

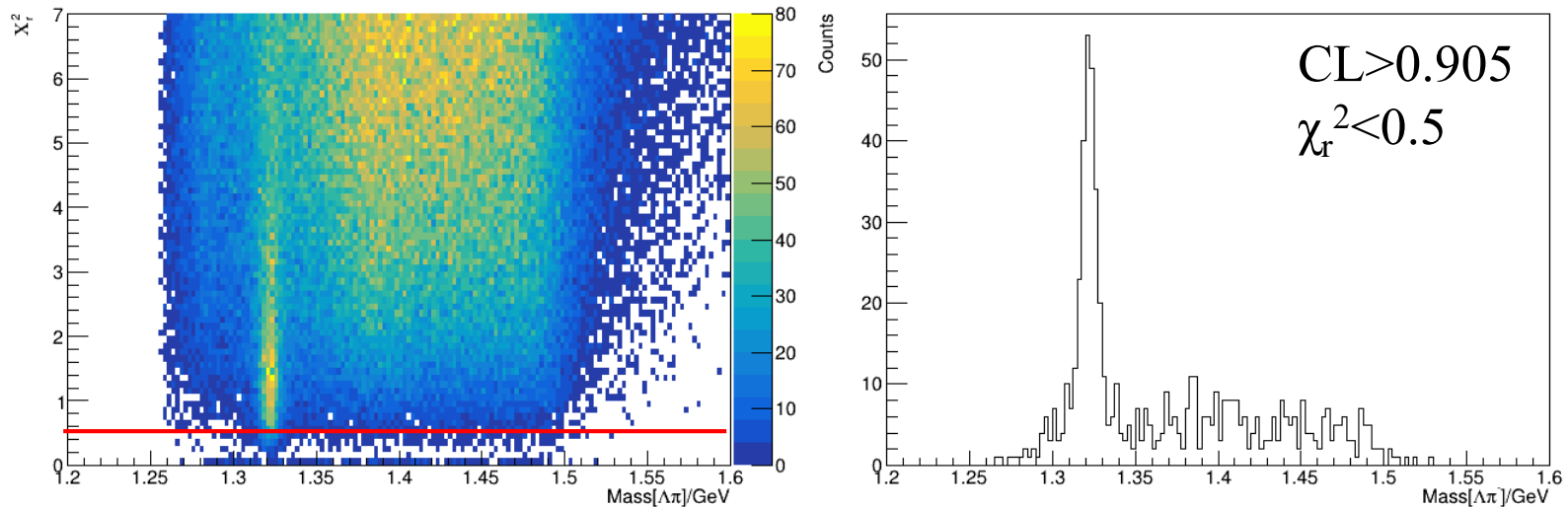


χ_r^2 versus mass [$\Lambda\pi$]



- Looks like we could make a cut at about $\chi_r^2 < 0.5$ (CL>0.905) to remove nearly all of the $\Sigma(1385)$ background

χ_r^2 versus mass $[\Lambda\pi]$



- Looks like we could make a cut at about $\chi_r^2 < 0.5$ (CL>0.905) to remove nearly all of the $\Sigma(1385)$ background

Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

Define:

$$\text{Track-}\chi_r^2 = [\text{tracking } \chi_r^2 \text{ of 1}^{\text{st}} K^+] + [\text{tracking } \chi_r^2 \text{ of 2}^{\text{nd}} K^+]$$

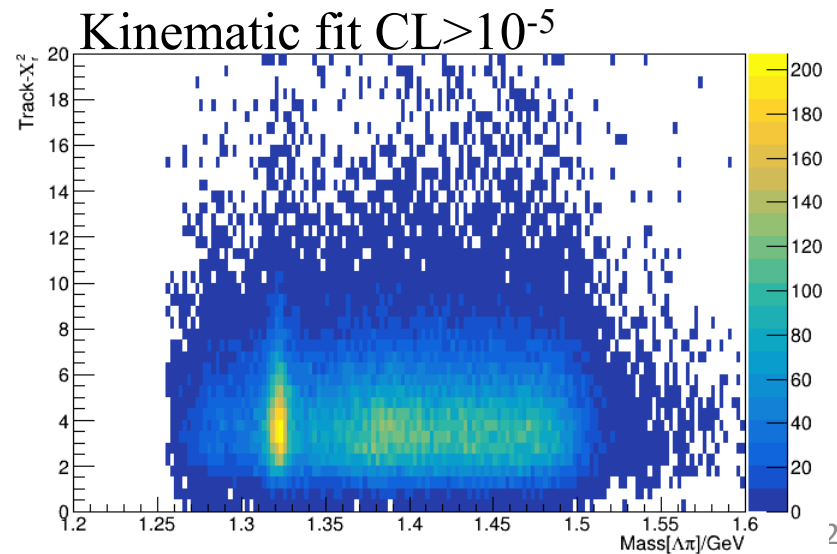
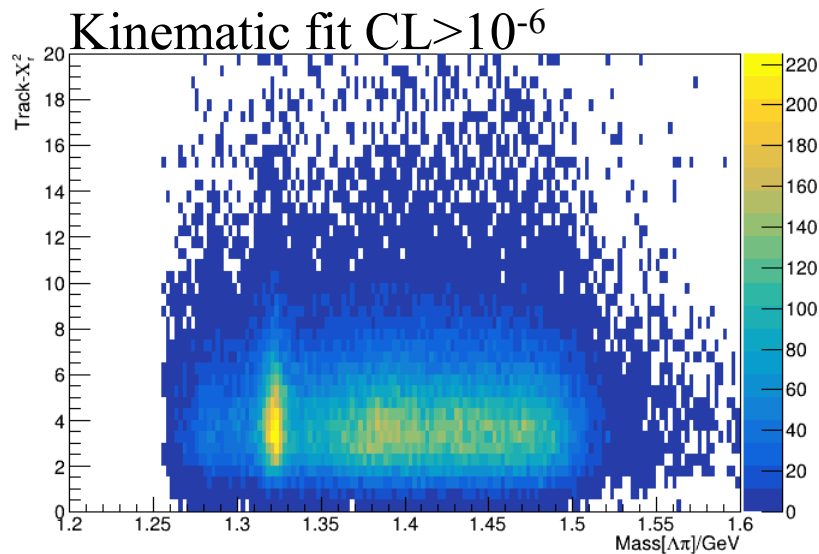
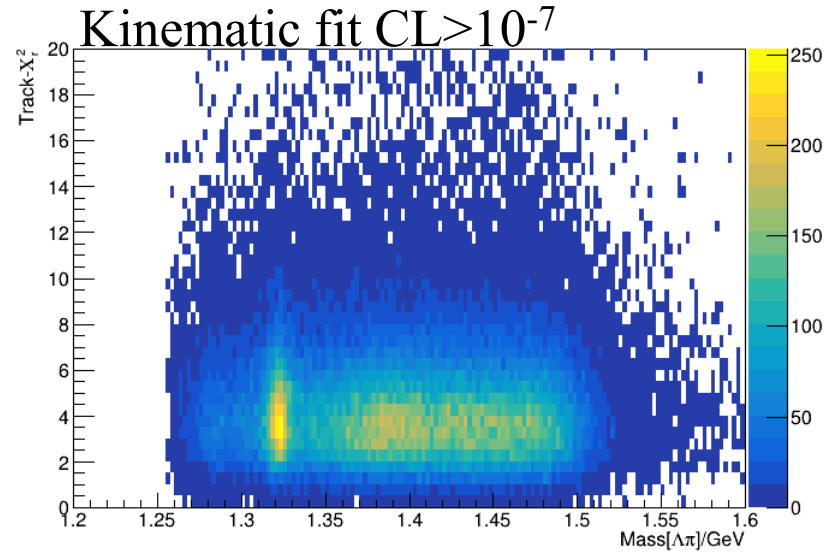
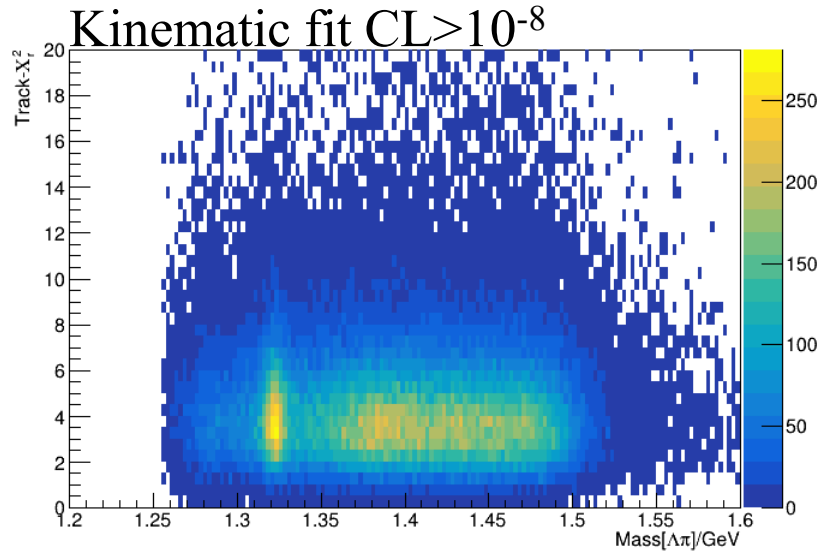
Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

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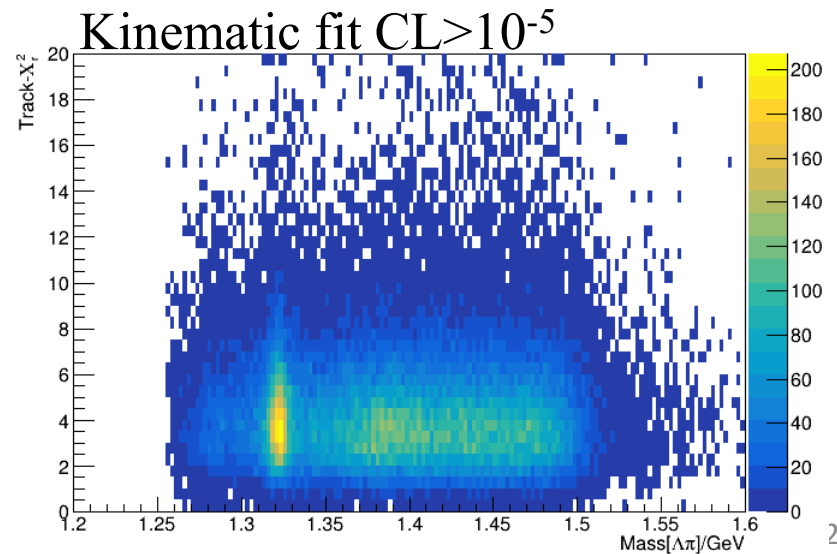
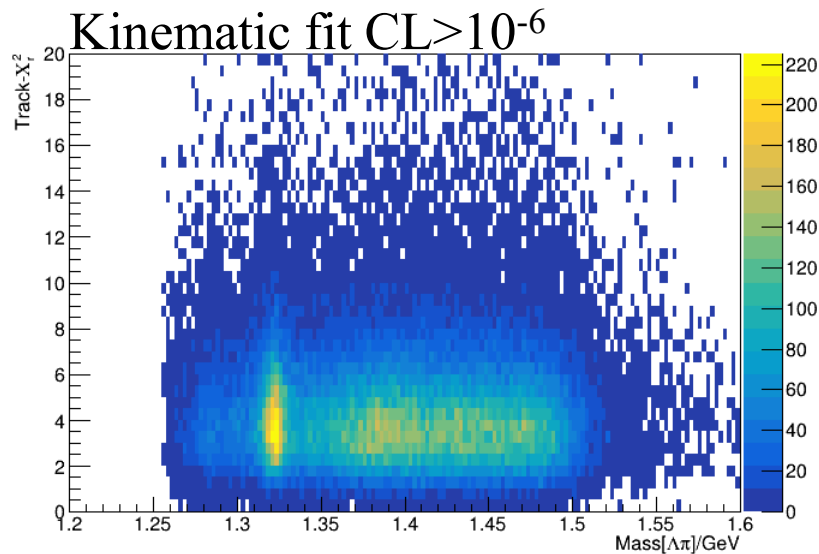
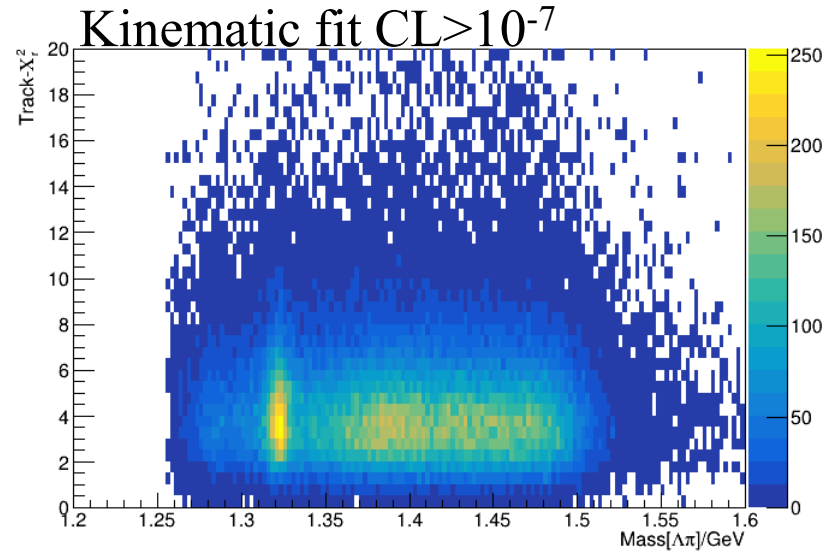
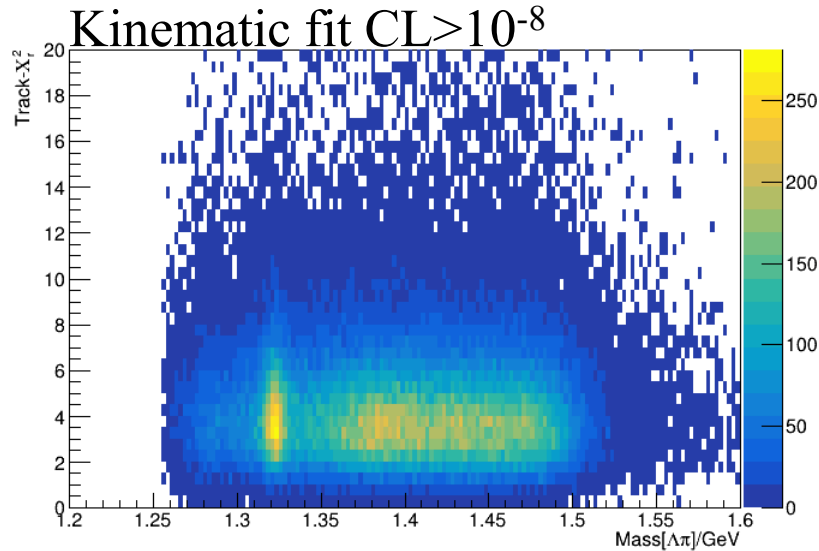
- Looking to see if there are any obvious cuts to make on Track- χ_r^2

Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

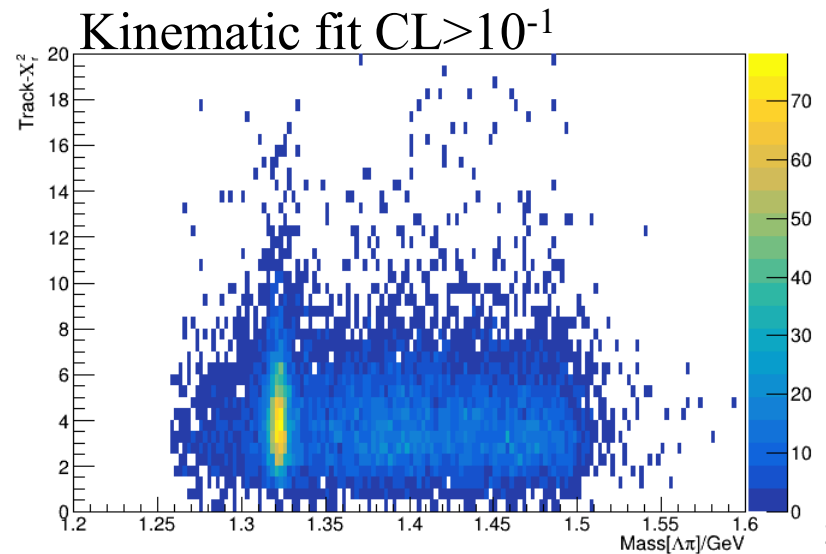
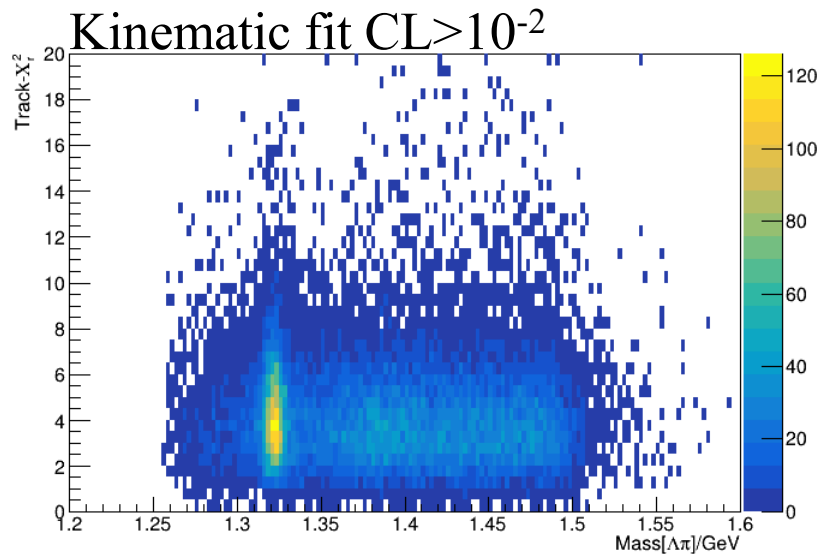
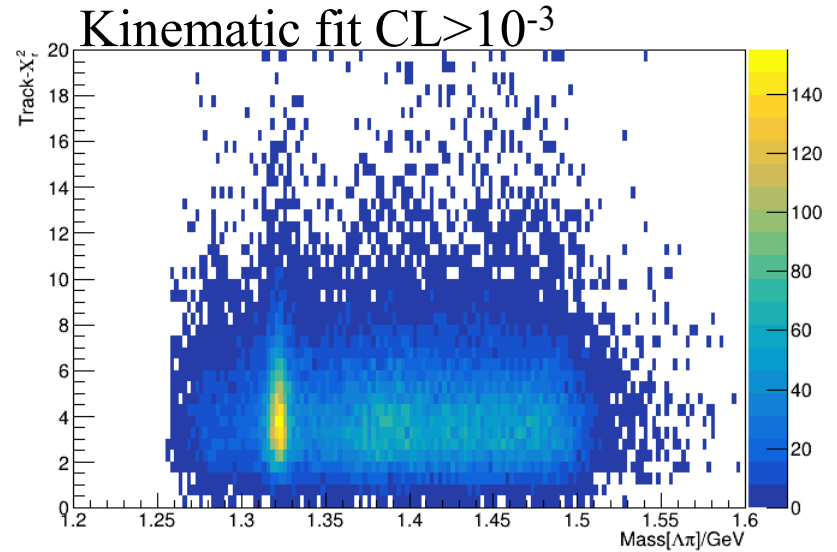
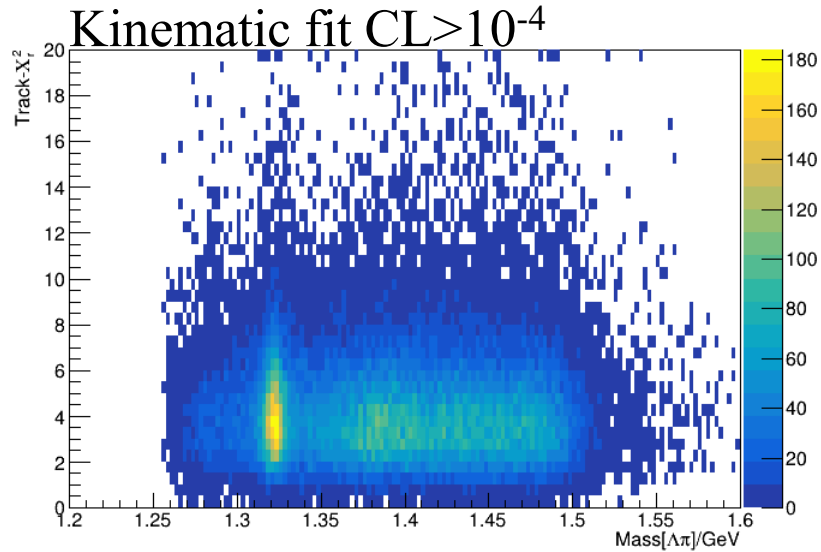


Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

No obvious cut to make for these

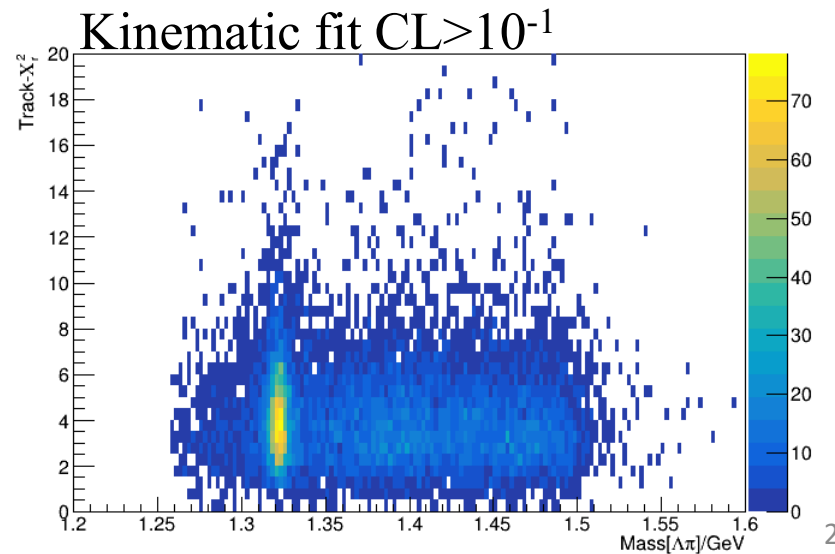
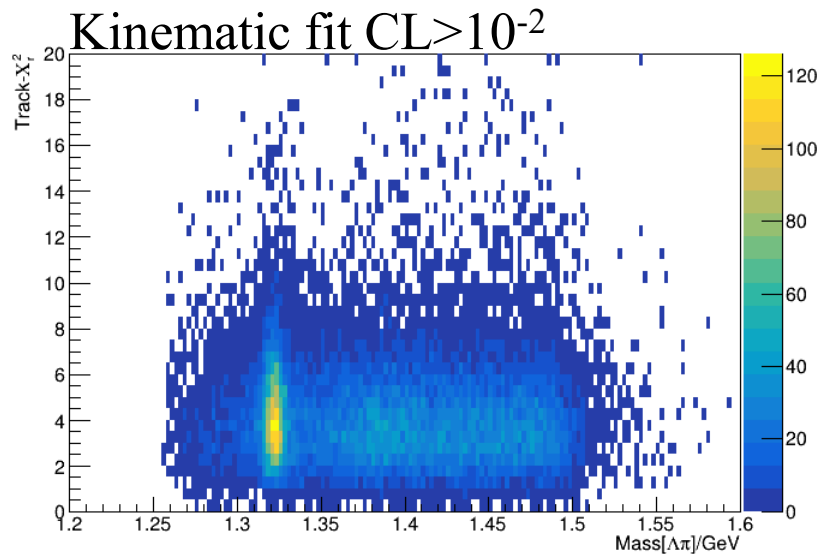
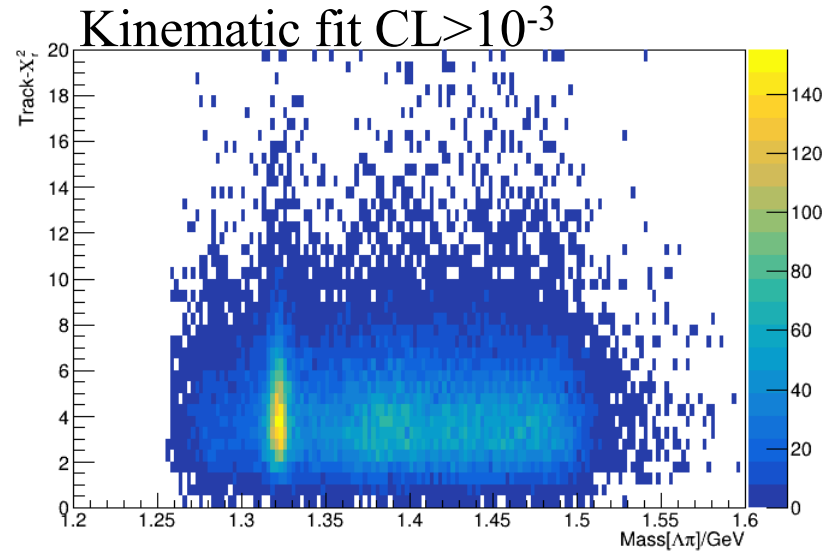
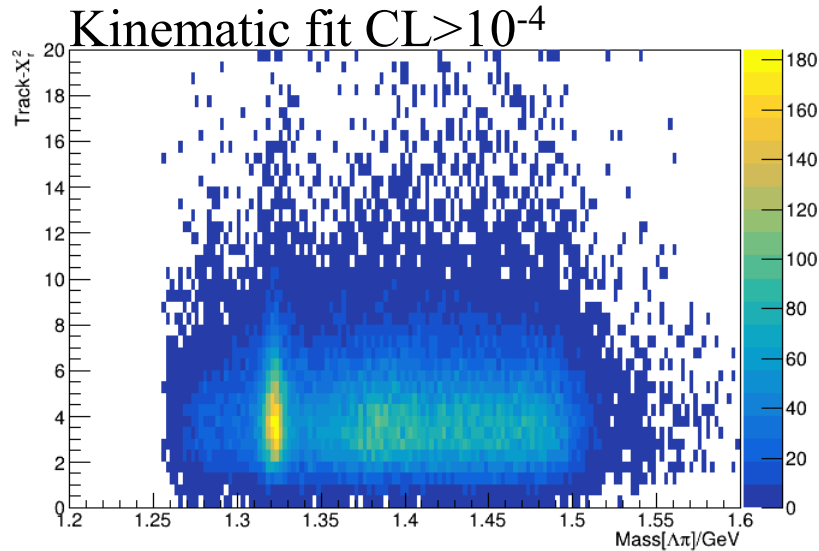


Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]



Track- χ_r^2 versus mass[$\Lambda\pi$]

No obvious cut to make for these



χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

- Created fake data for:
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ E^- \pi^0$: **Primary reaction**

χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

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χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

- Created fake data for:
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$: **Primary reaction**
 - kinematic fit as
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$ (mass $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$ not constrained)

χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

- Created fake data for:
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 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Sigma(1385) \pi^0$: **Secondary reaction**

χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

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 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$ (mass $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$ not constrained)
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Sigma(1385) \pi^0$: **Secondary reaction**
 - kinematic fit as

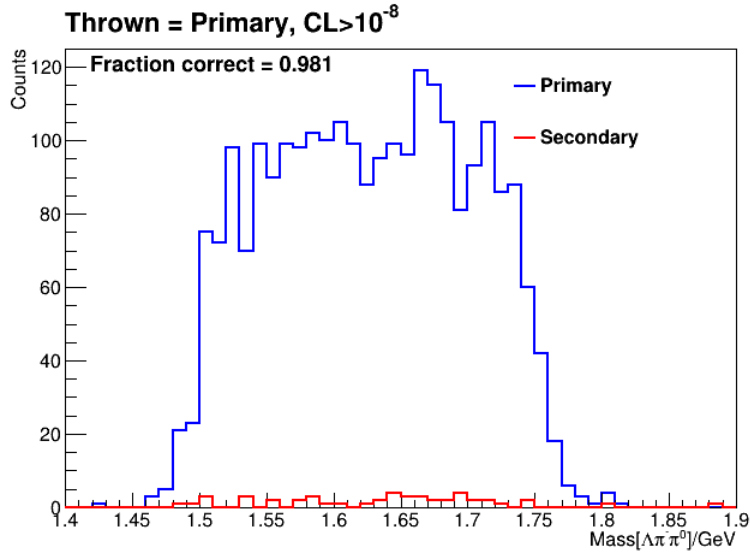
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 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$: **Primary reaction**
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 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$ (mass $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi$ not constrained)
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Sigma(1385) \pi^0$: **Secondary reaction**
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 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$

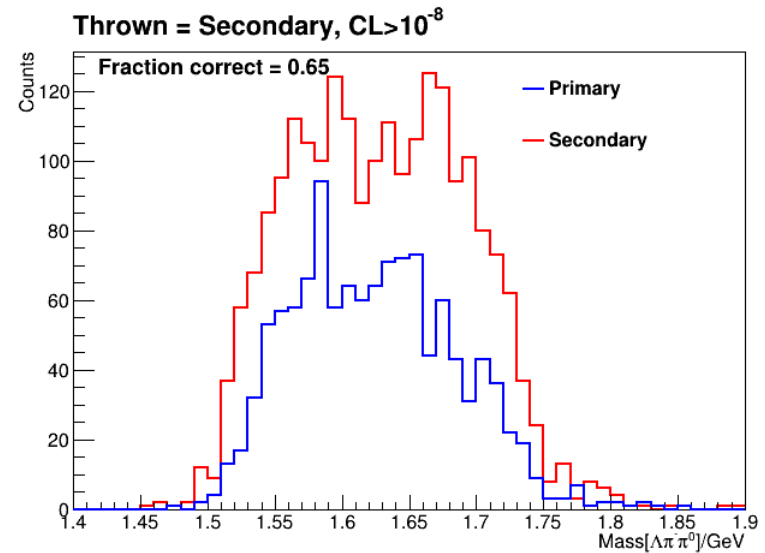
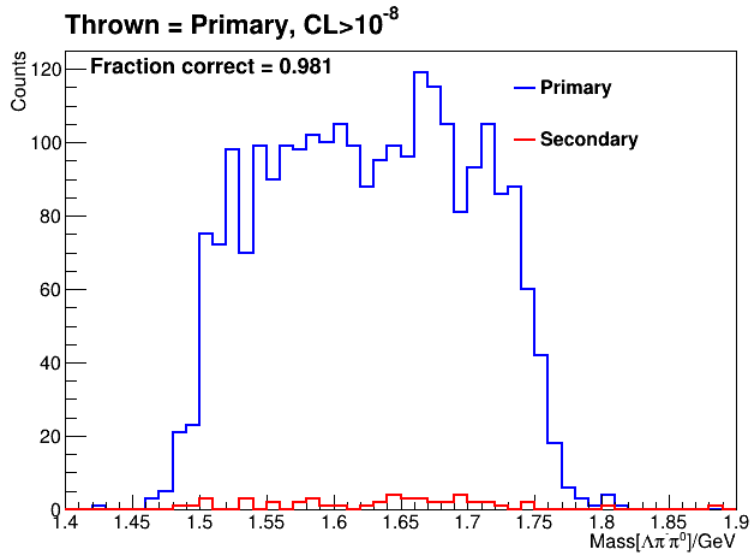
χ^2 comparison between different kinematic fits

- Created fake data for:
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 - kinematic fit as
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$ (mass $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$ not constrained)
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Sigma(1385) \pi^0$: **Secondary reaction**
 - kinematic fit as
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ K^+ \Xi^- \pi^0$
 - $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \pi^+ \Lambda \pi^- \pi^0$
- Merged the files using code from Alex Barnes to make χ^2 comparisons

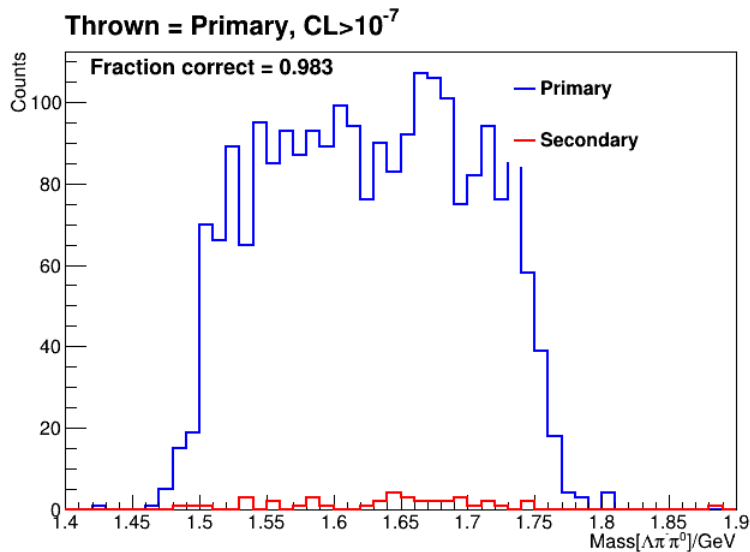
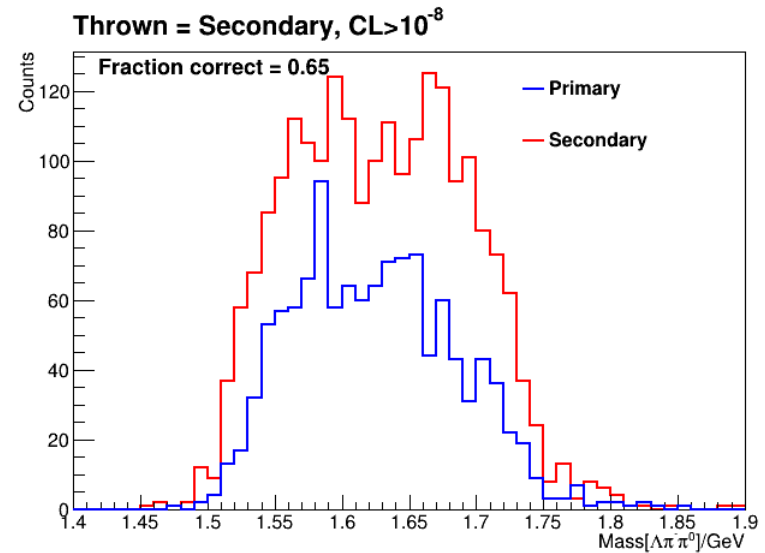
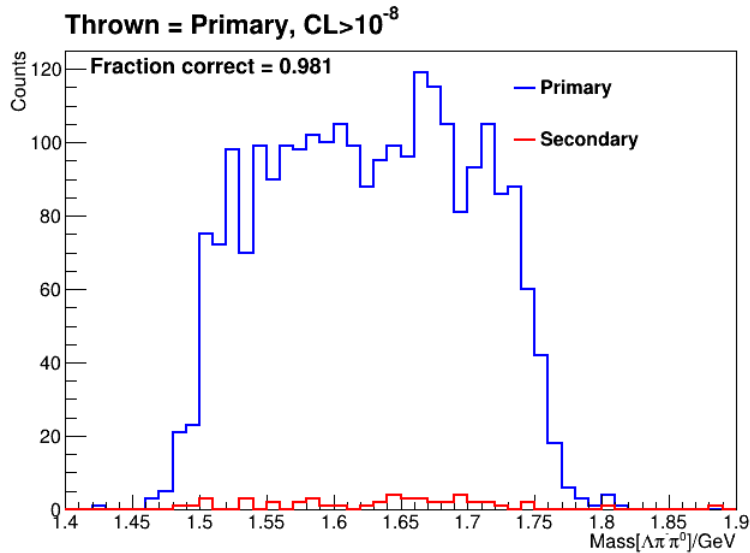
Comparison of Primary and Secondary



Comparison of Primary and Secondary

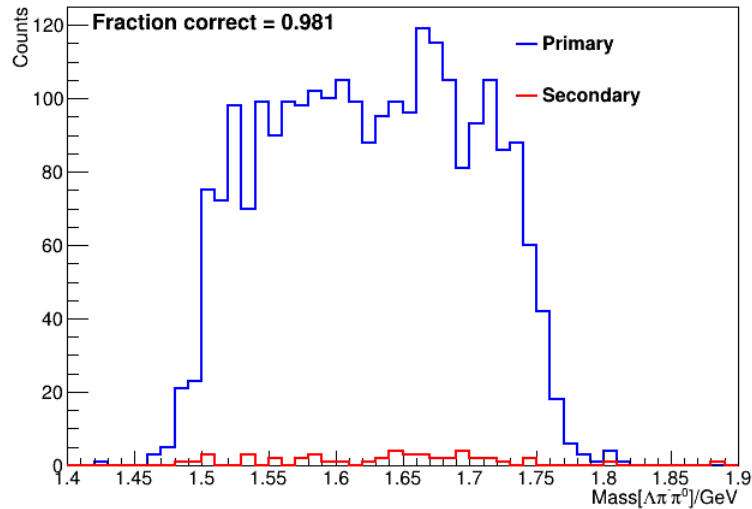


Comparison of Primary and Secondary

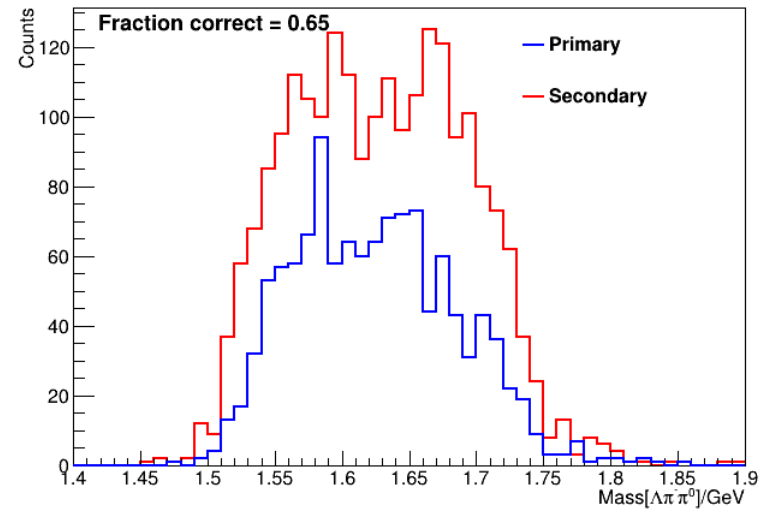


Comparison of Primary and Secondary

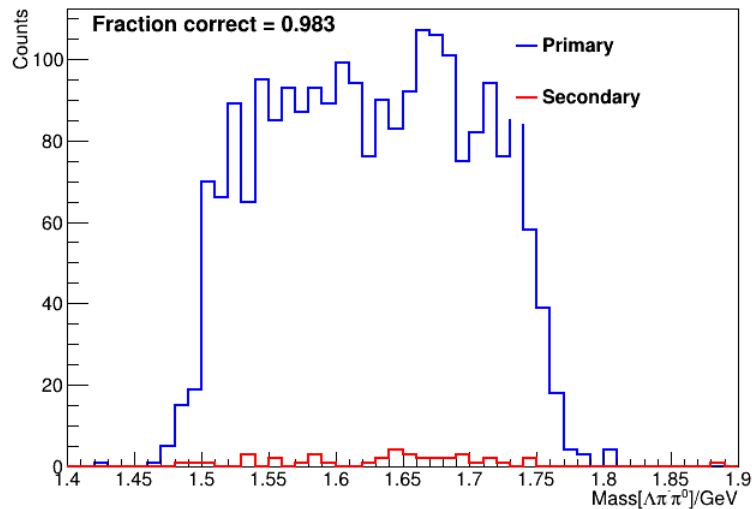
Thrown = Primary, $CL > 10^{-8}$



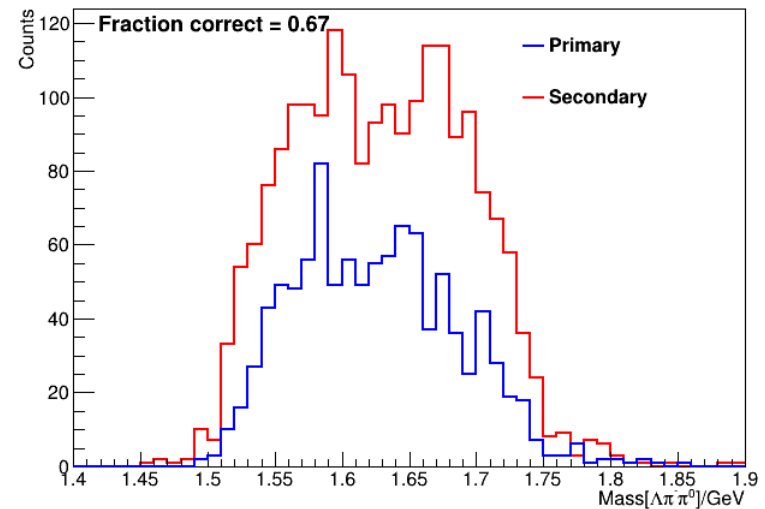
Thrown = Secondary, $CL > 10^{-8}$



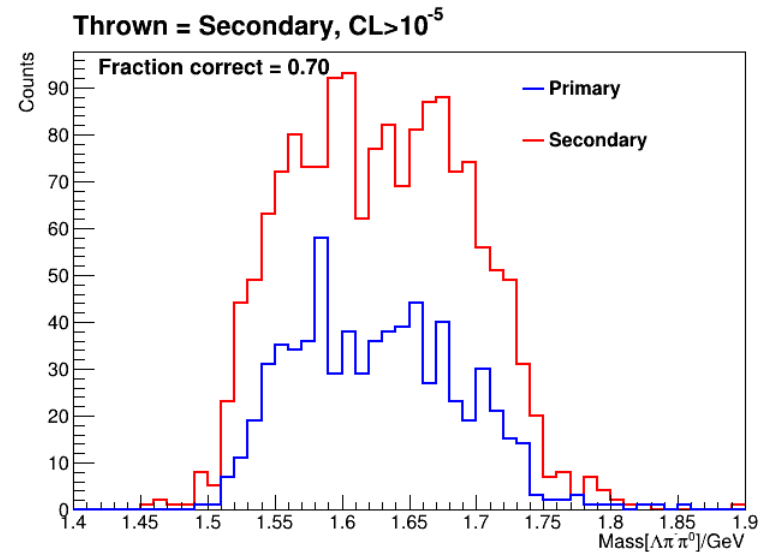
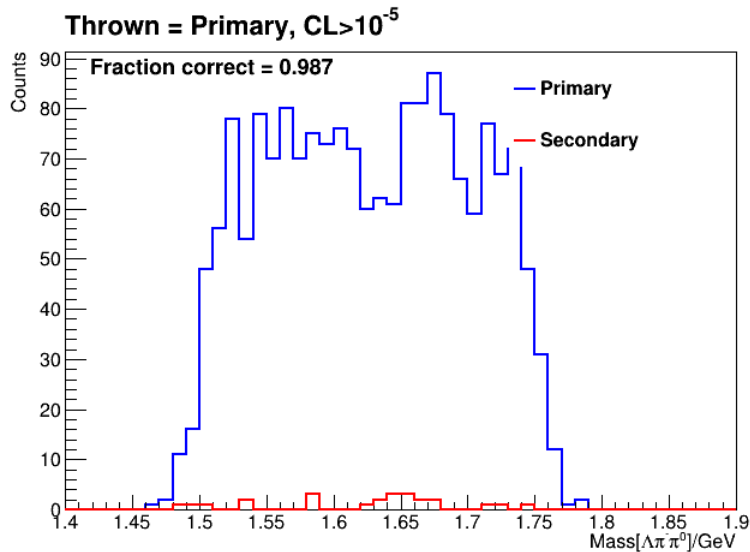
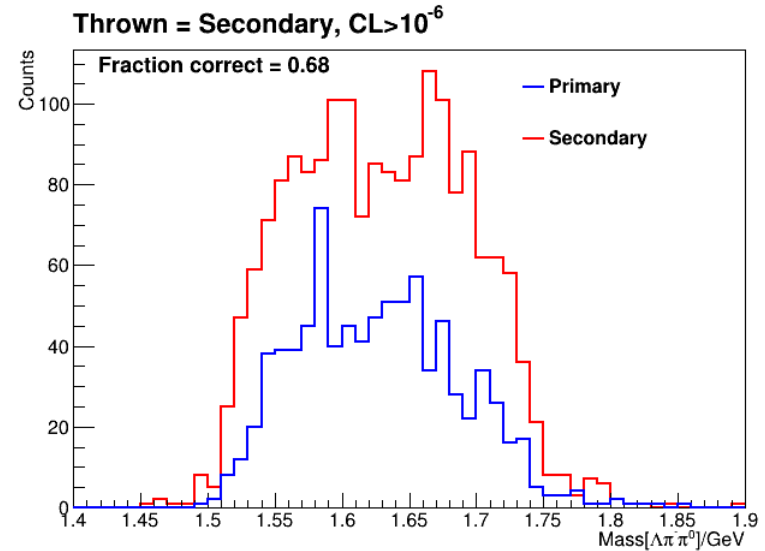
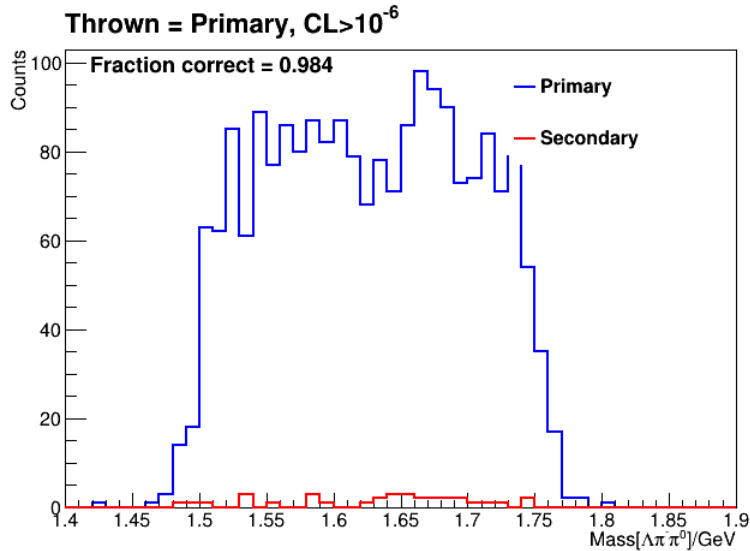
Thrown = Primary, $CL > 10^{-7}$



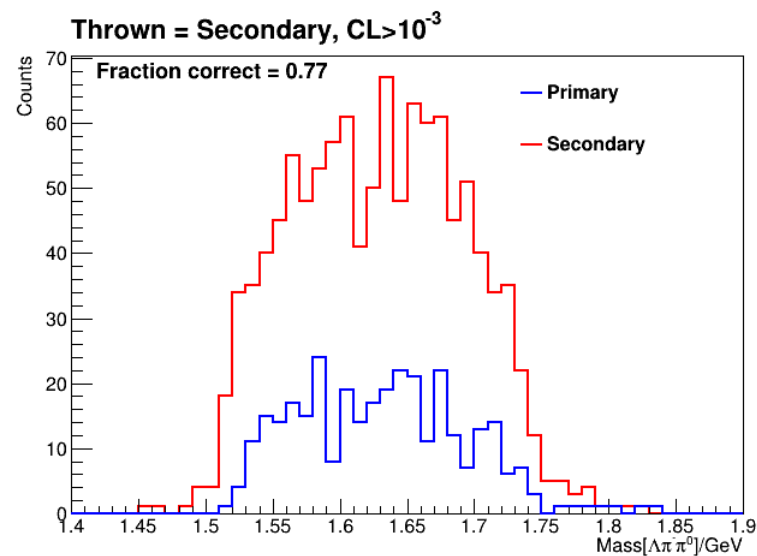
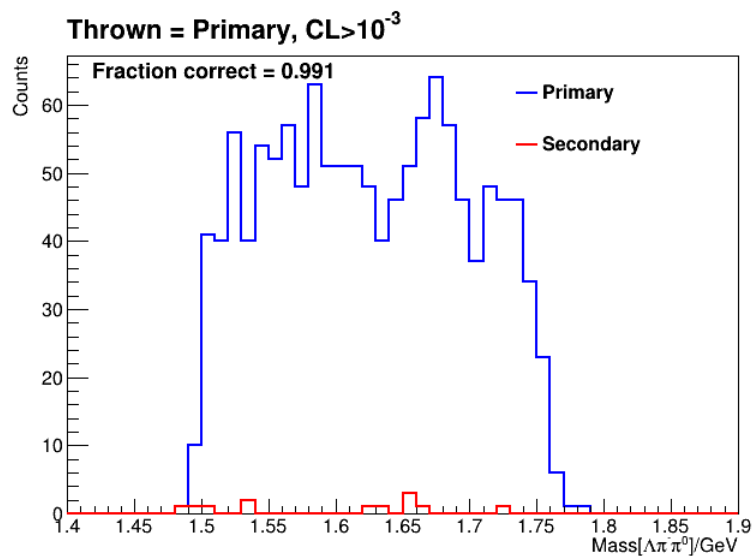
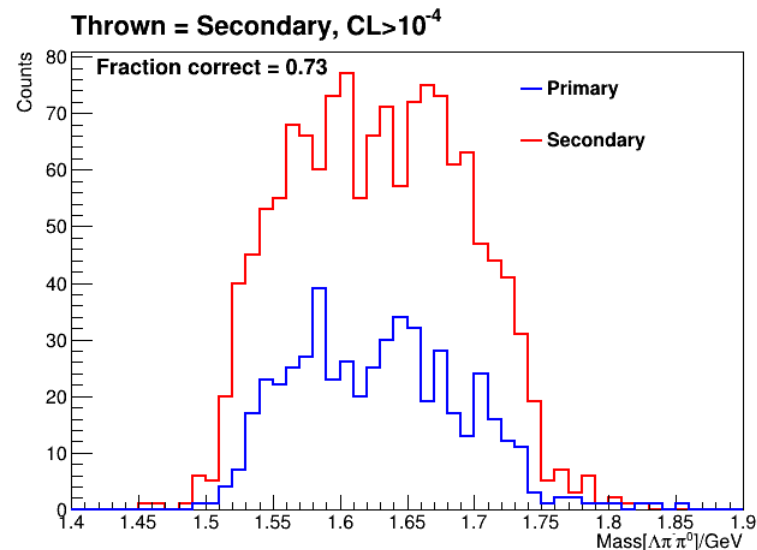
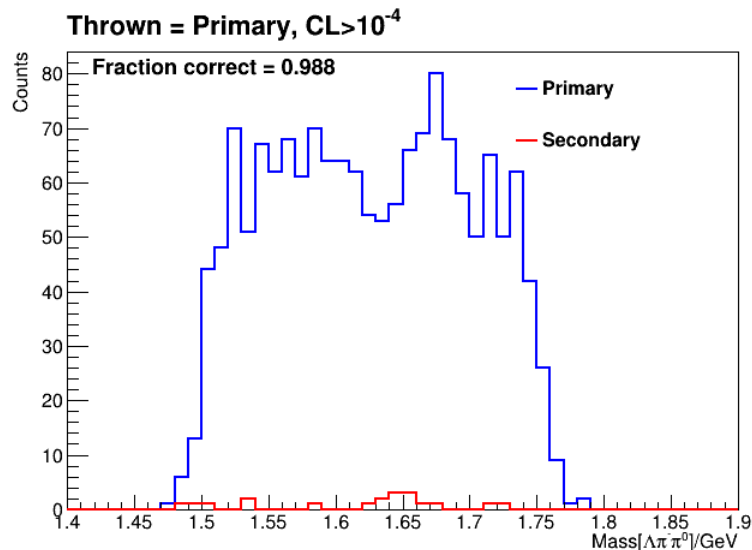
Thrown = Secondary, $CL > 10^{-7}$



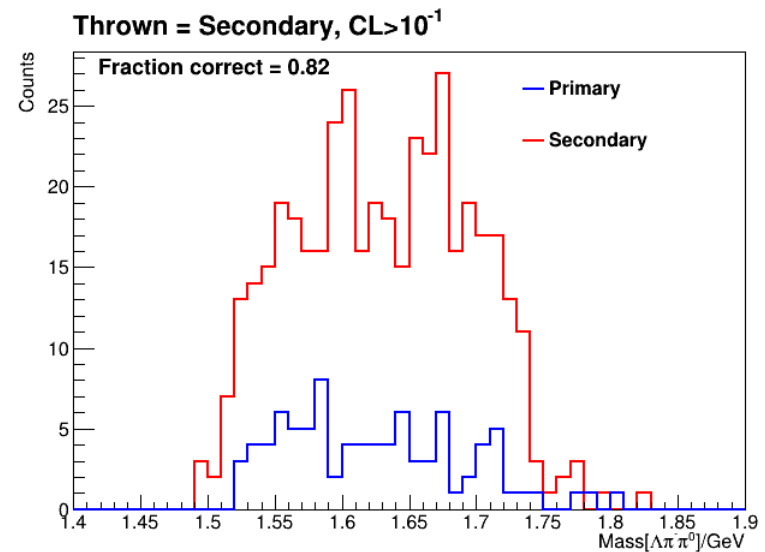
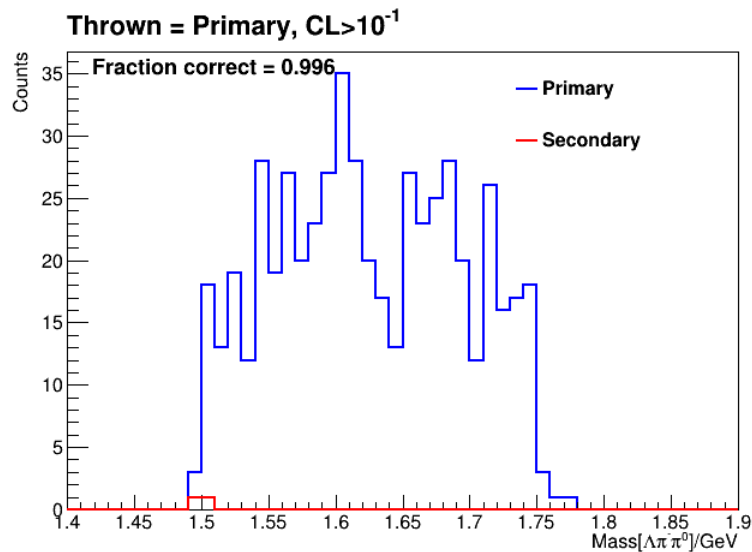
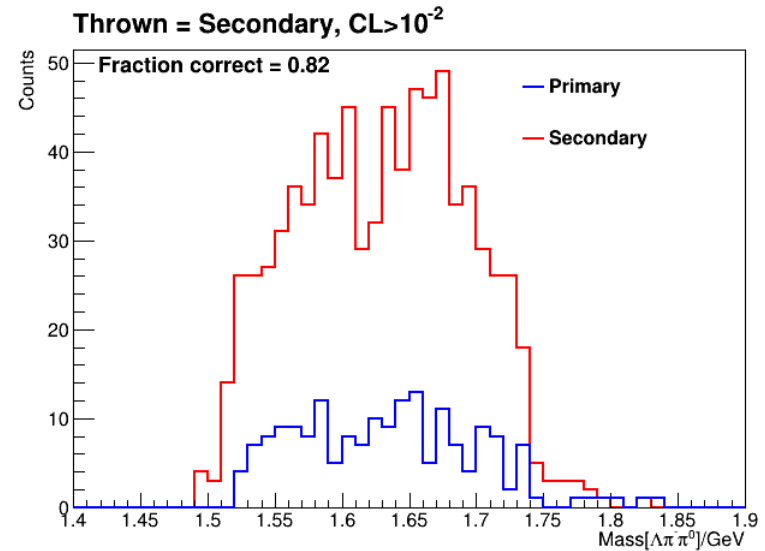
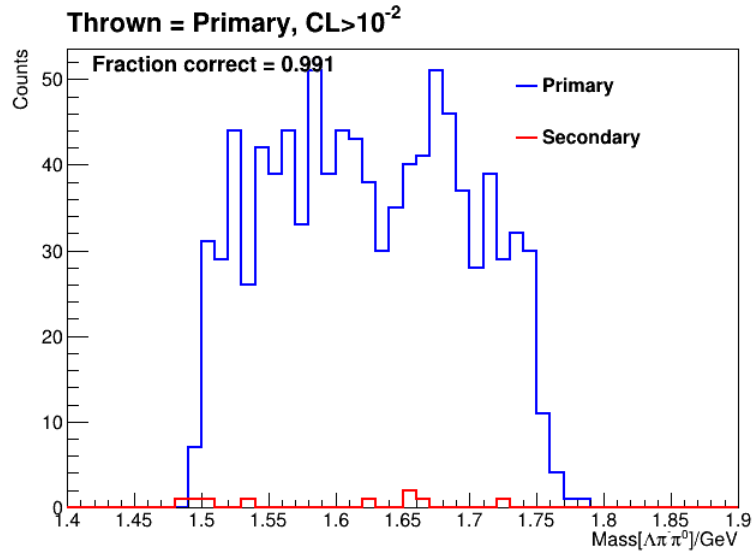
Comparison of Primary and Secondary



Comparison of Primary and Secondary



Comparison of Primary and Secondary



Title

