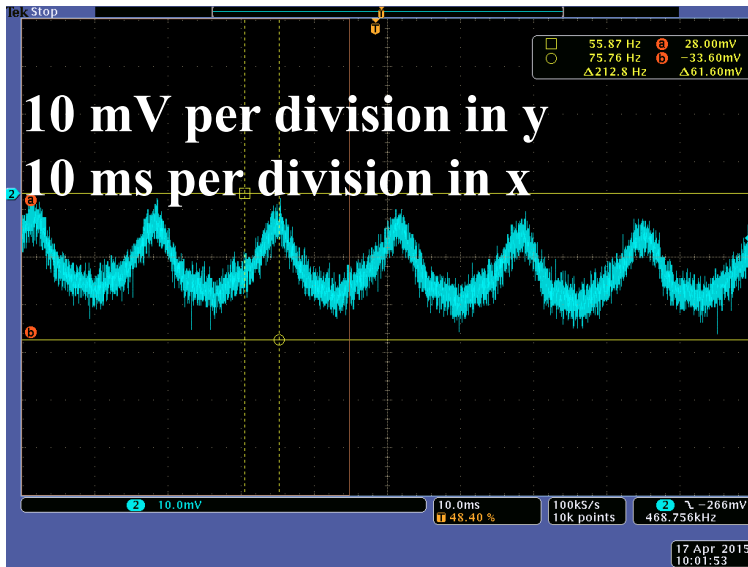


Polarimeter update

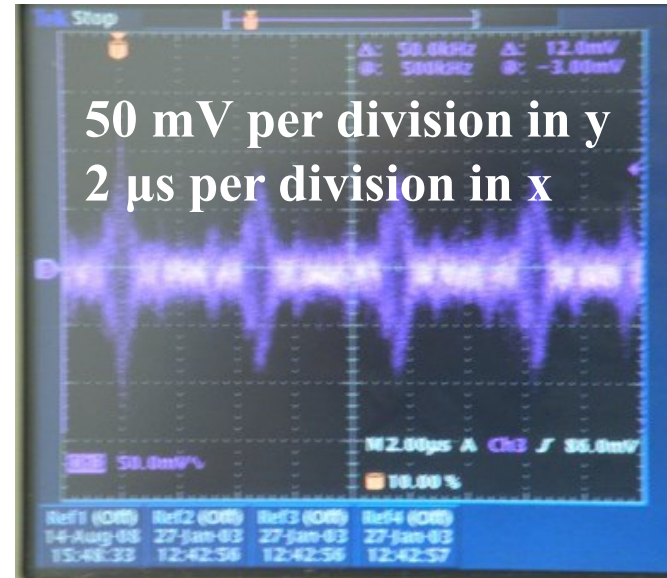
Mike, Nathan, Ross and Robert



Problems



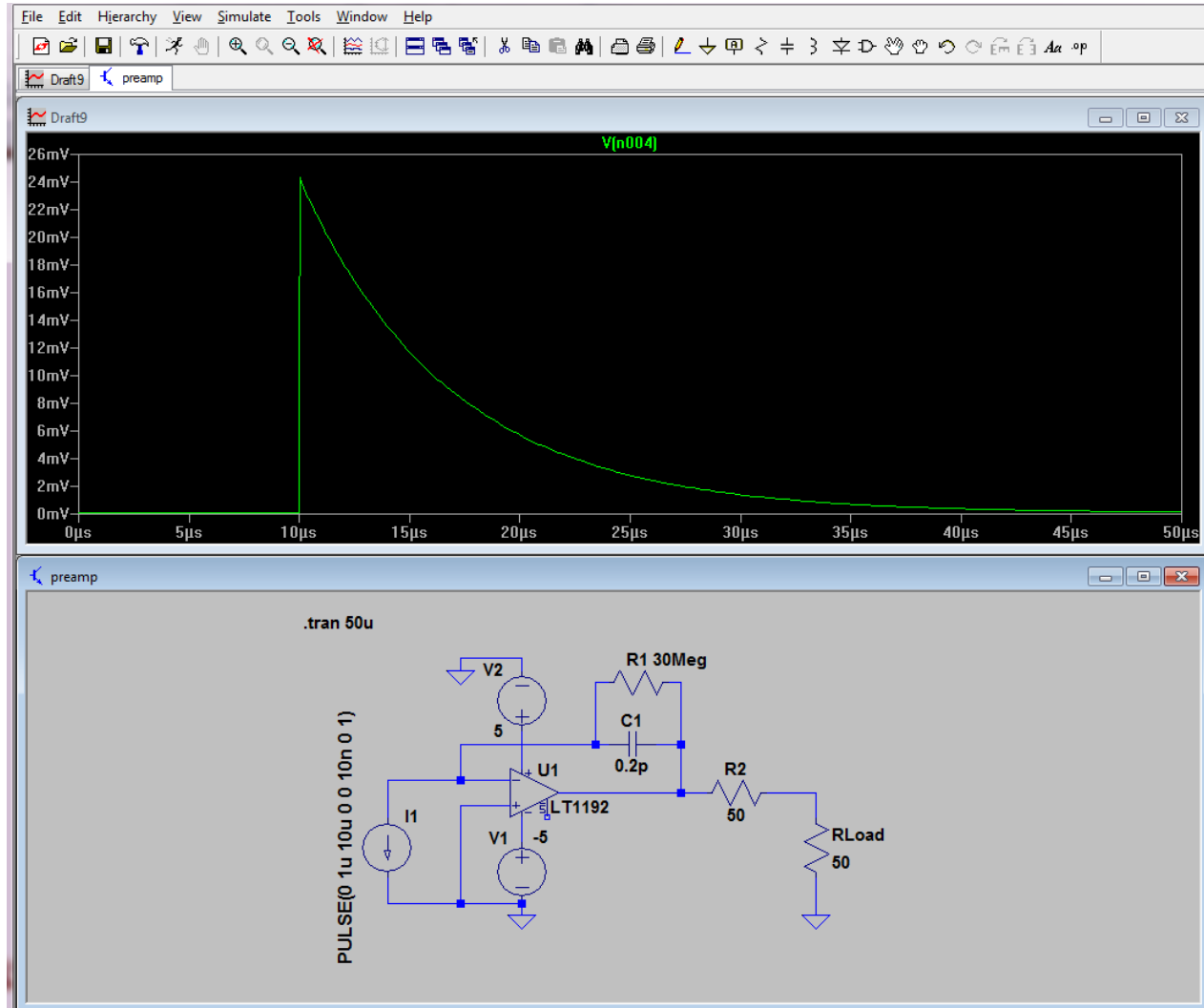
Baseline problem



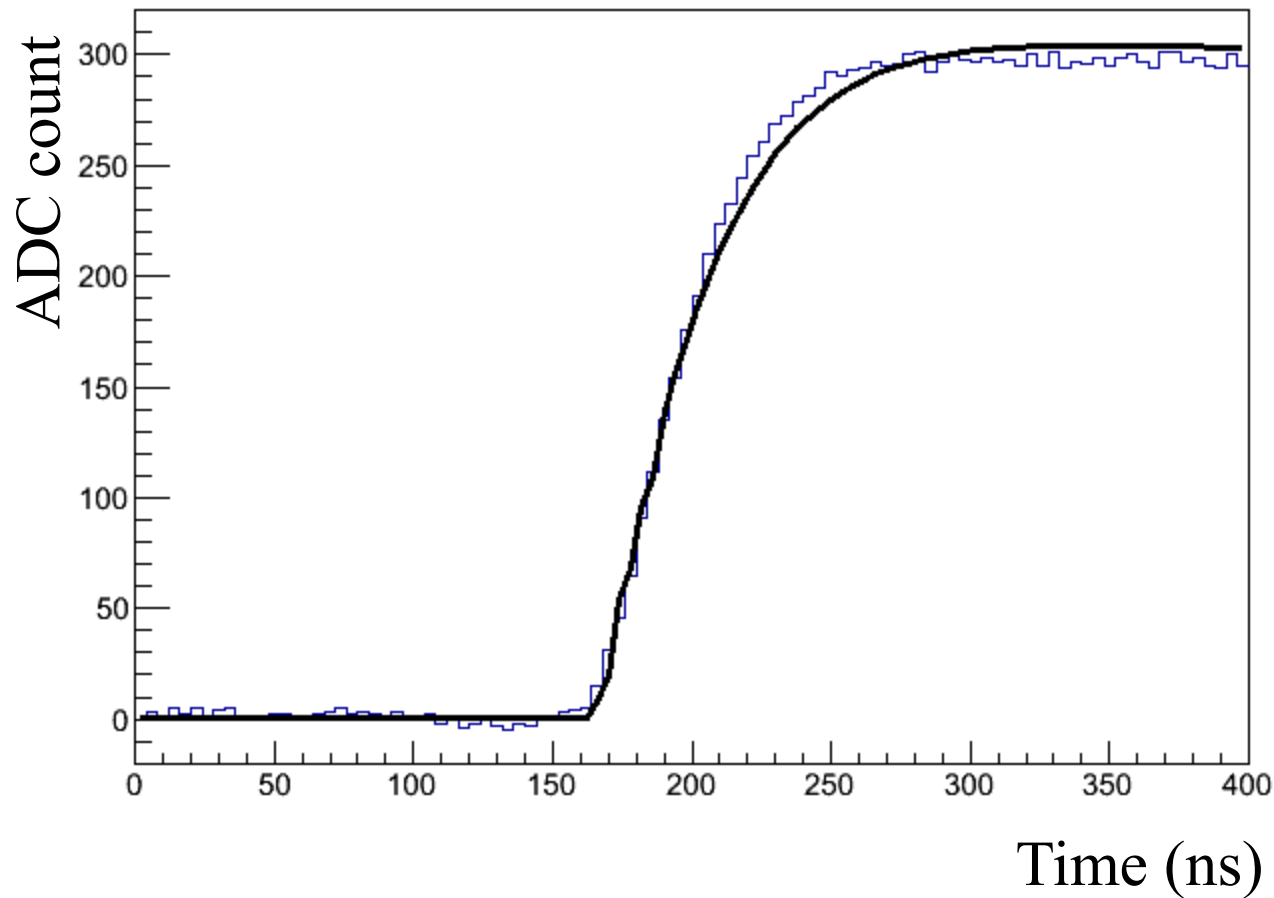
Chirping problem

- Rate problem: Rates were too low for the beam current used in Spring 2015

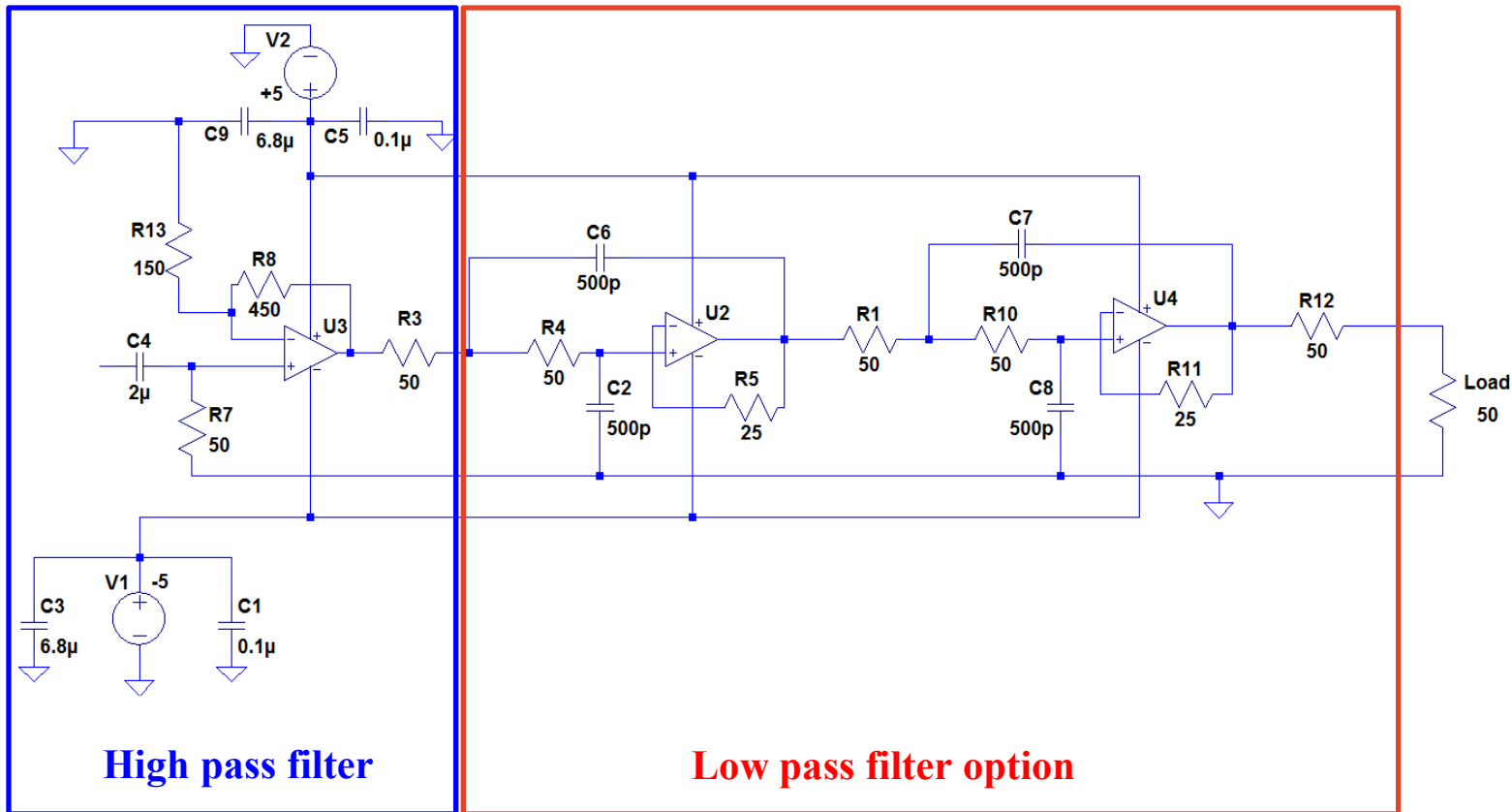
LTSpice of preamp with current-pulse input



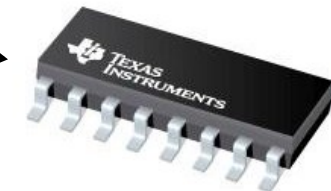
Comparison of LTSpice output to Spring 2015 TPOL event



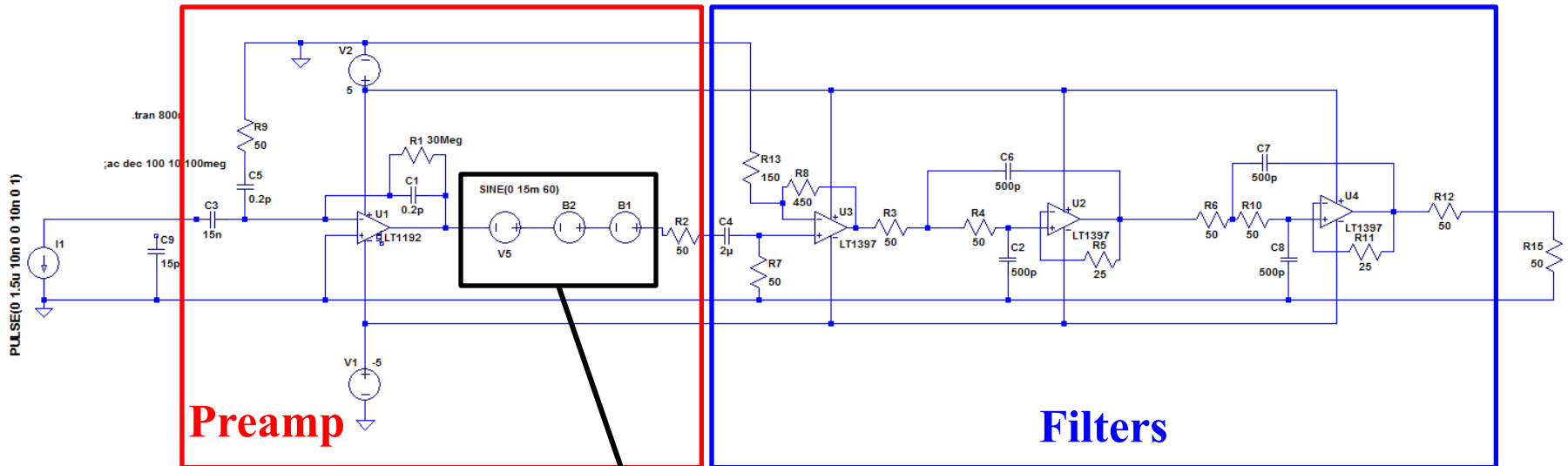
Band pass filter schematic



- Jumpers (not shown) will allow for bypass of Low pass filter
- Fernando helped us to choose the type of op-amps (OPA690 series)
- All three op-amps come in a single package



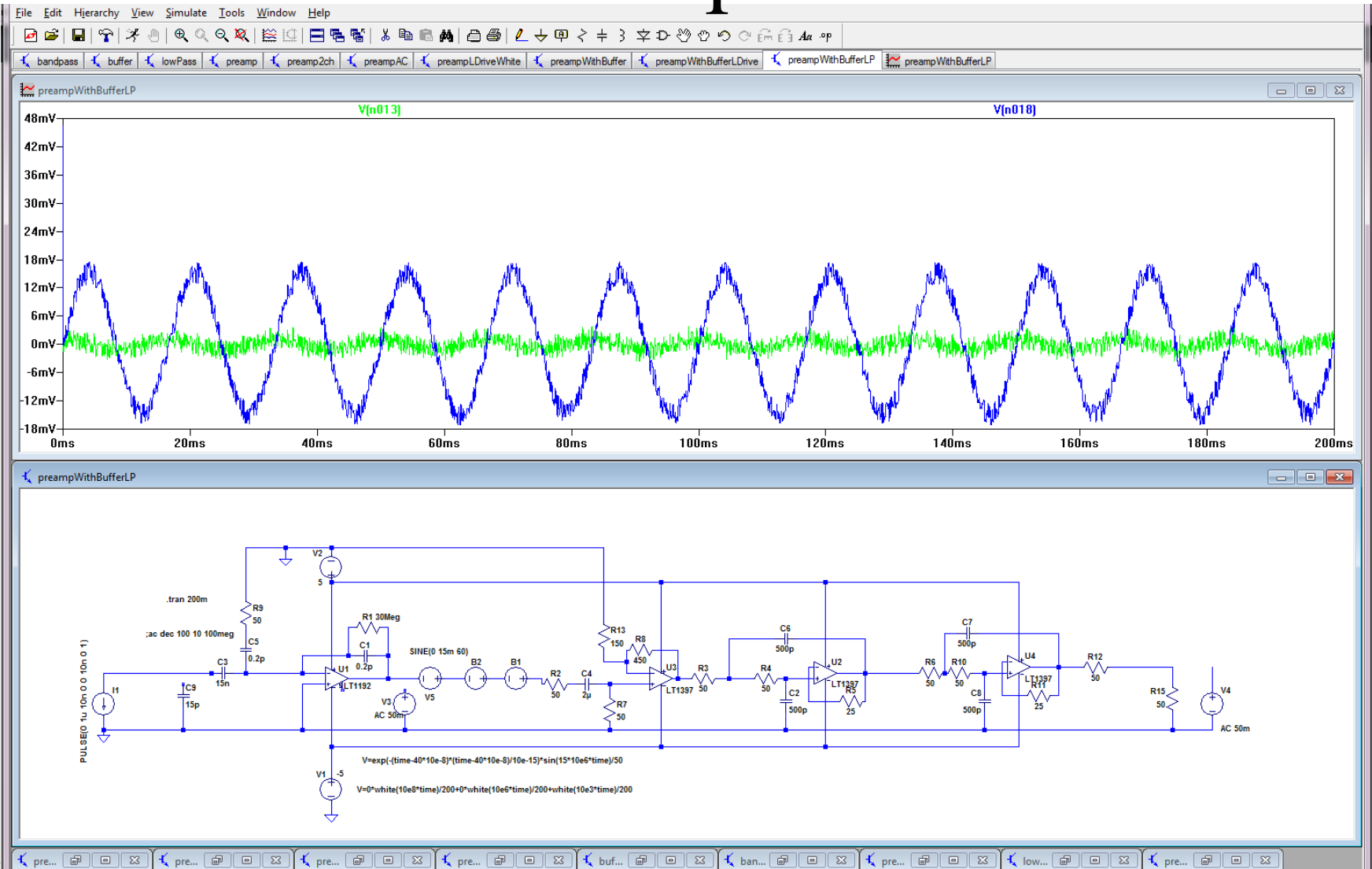
Noise model



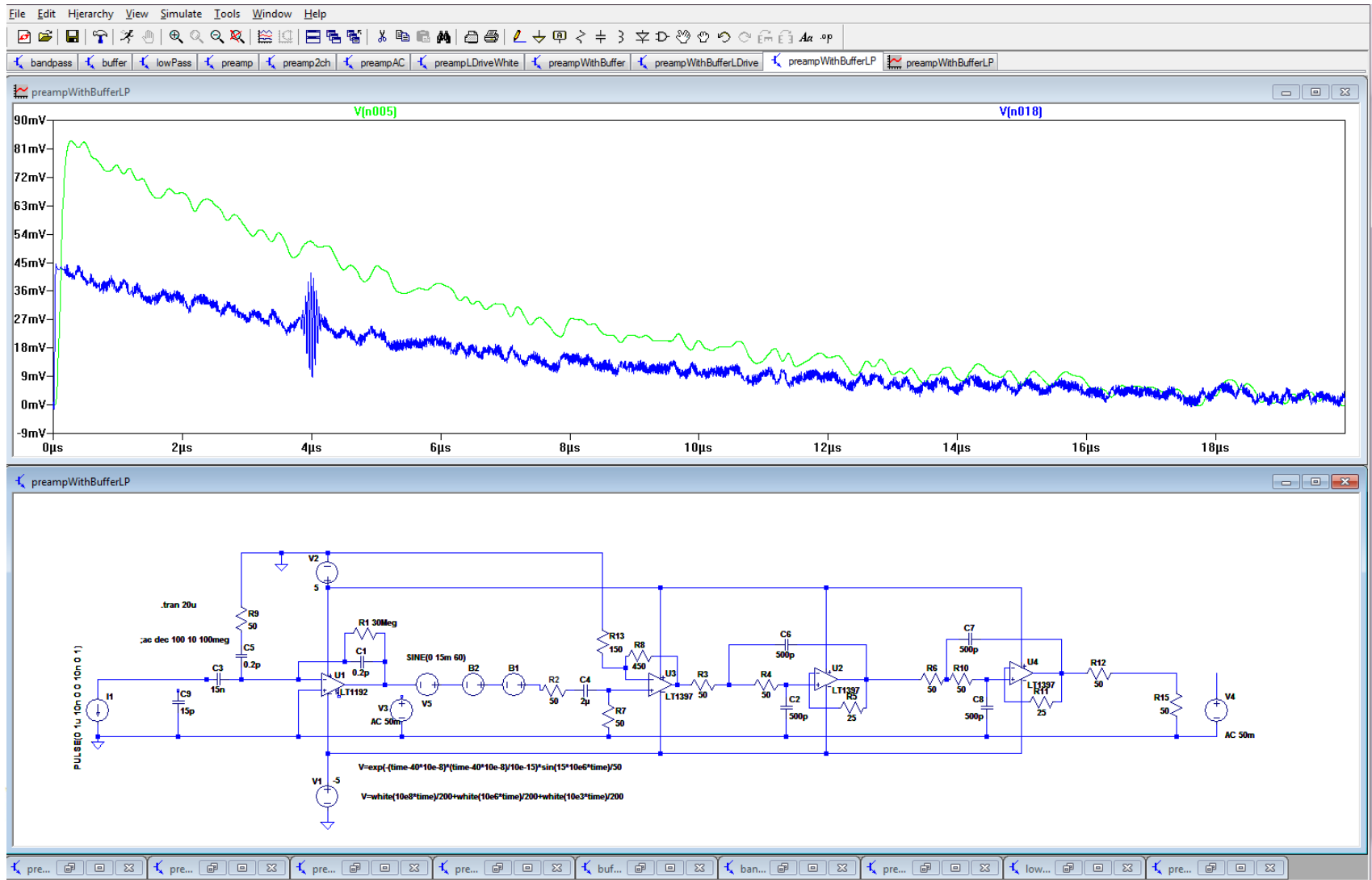
Noise injection:

- 60 Hz sine wave
- White noise
- Gaussian packet of 15 MHz

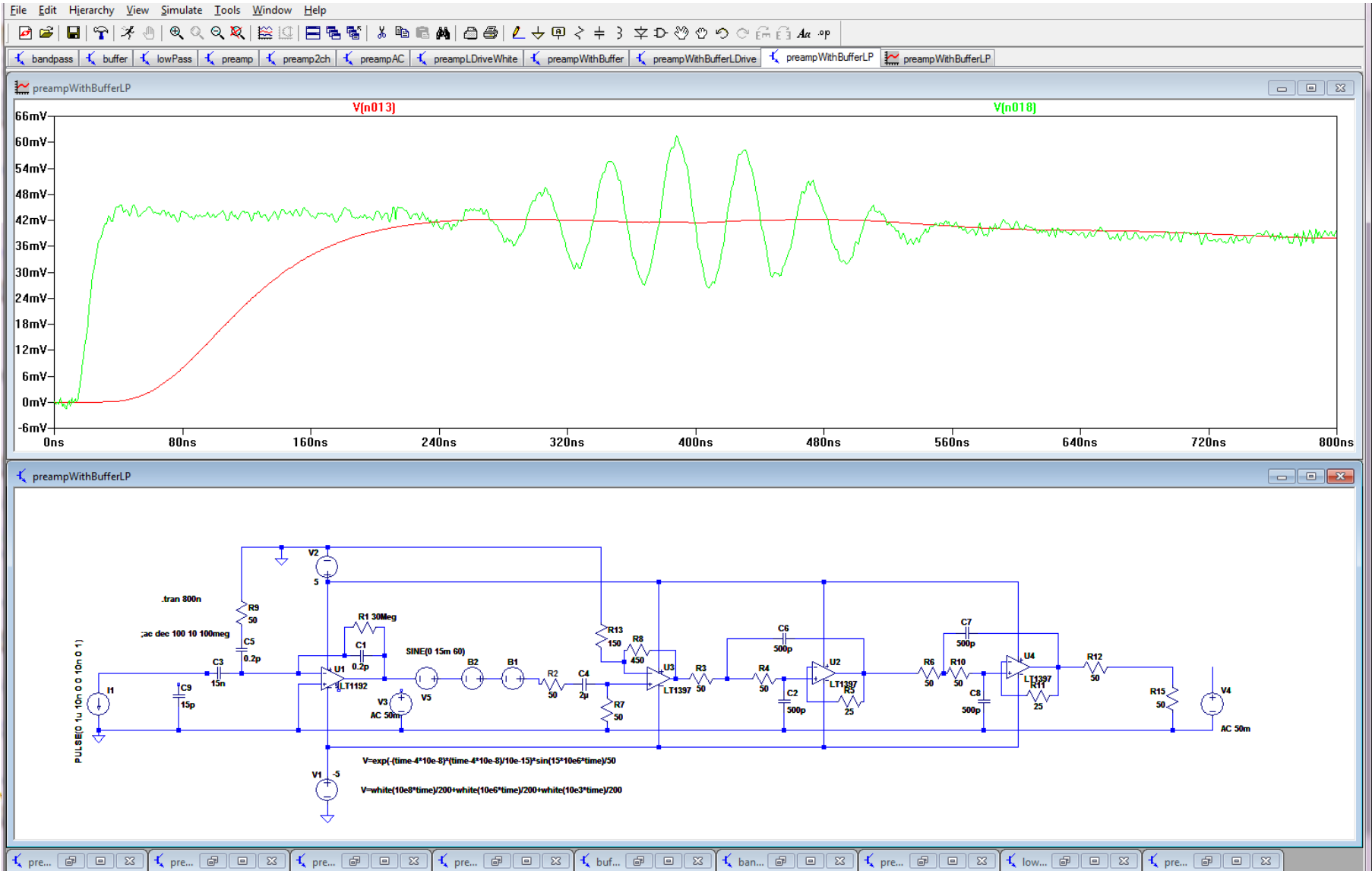
Large time scale without 15MHz noise packet



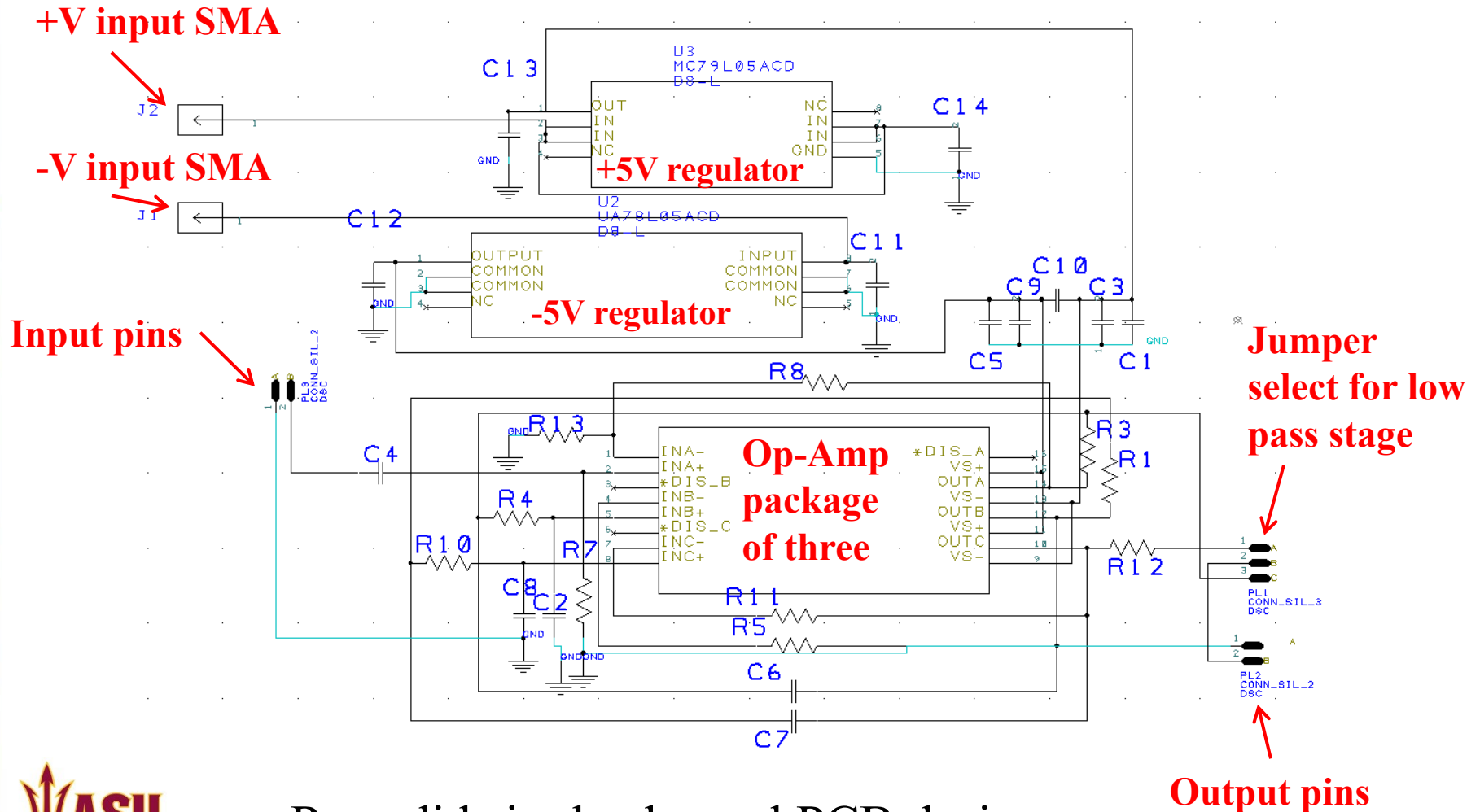
Medium time scale including 15 MHz noise packet



Small time scale



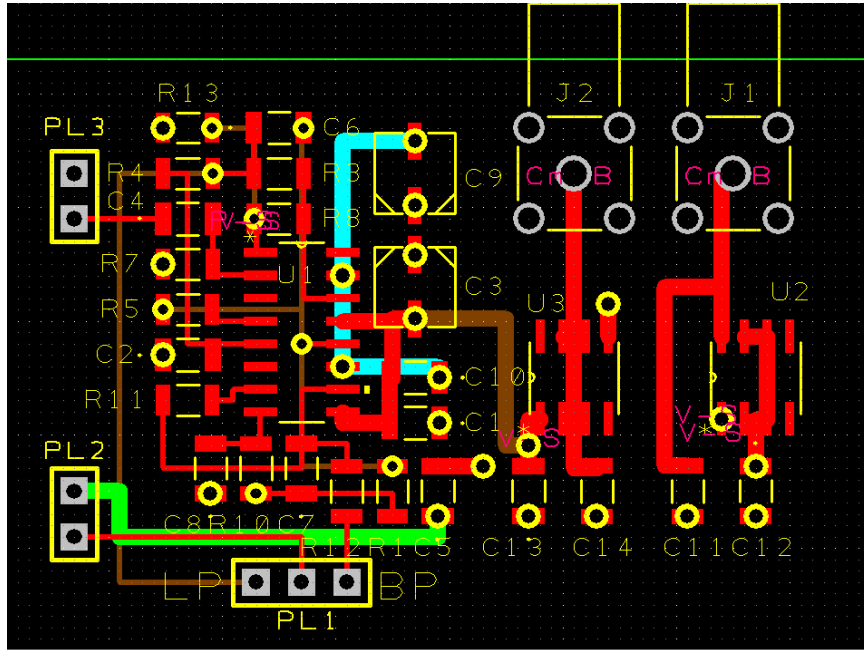
1-channel-filter circuit diagram in component form using DesignSpark PCB



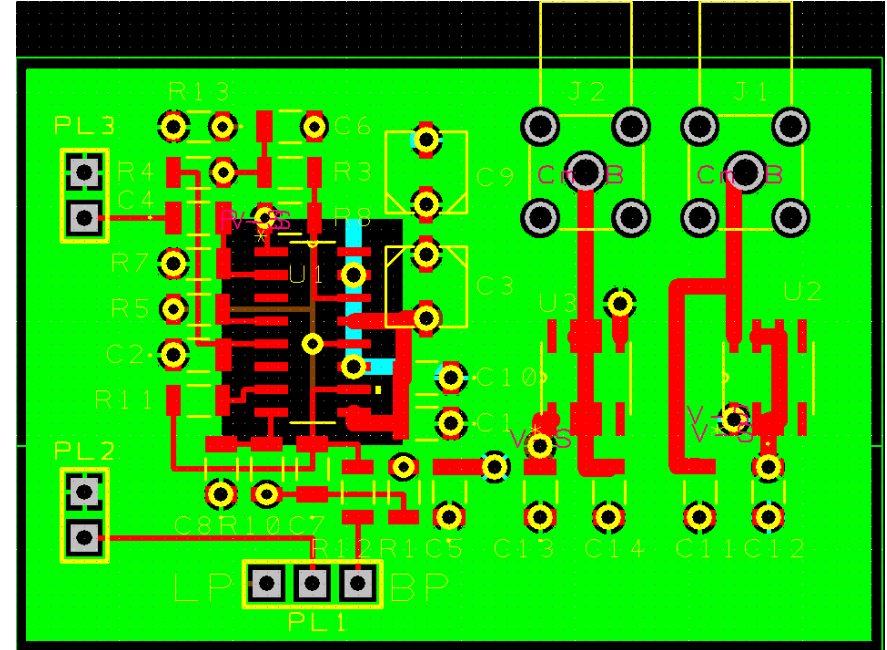
- Ross did single channel PCB design

PCB design of 1-channel filter (all layers)

Without copper pour

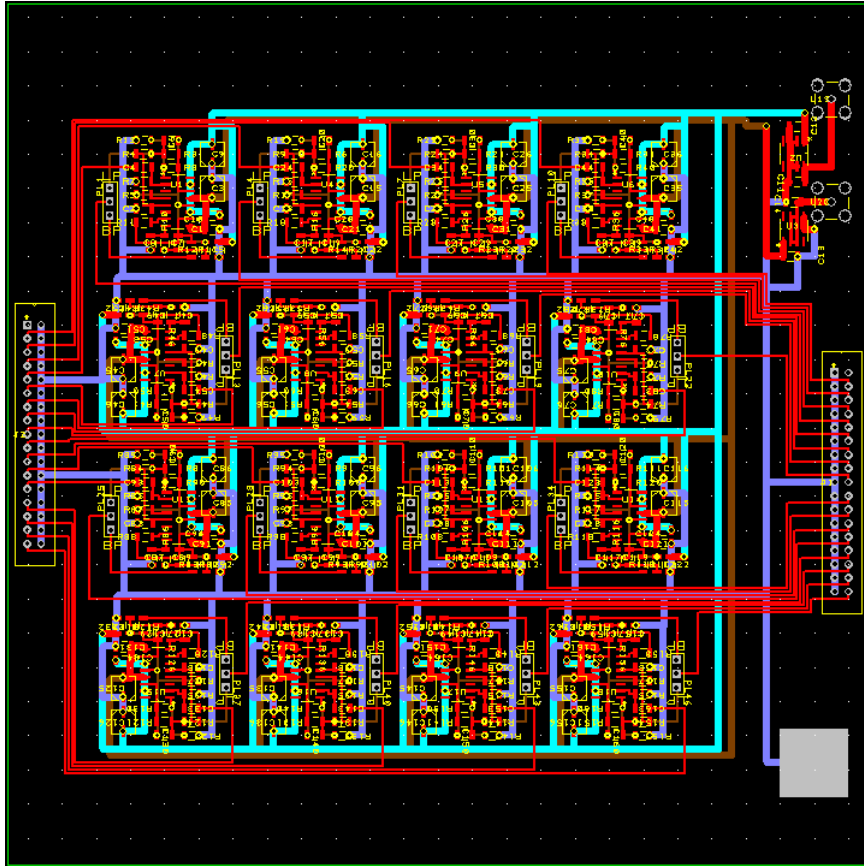


With copper pour

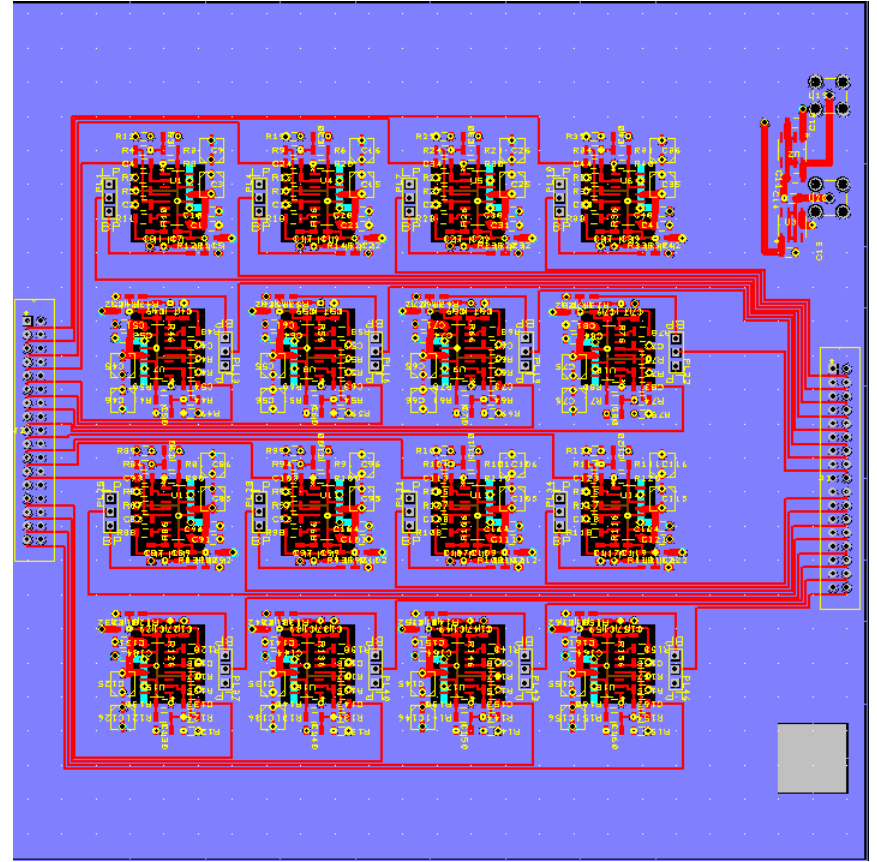


16-channel filter (all layers)

Without copper pour



With copper pour



- Used single-channel layout as template

Soldering

- Ross found a way to do reflow soldering at a low cost 😊

Proctor Silex
31118Y 4-Slice
Toaster Oven (\$25)

Reflowster (\$135)



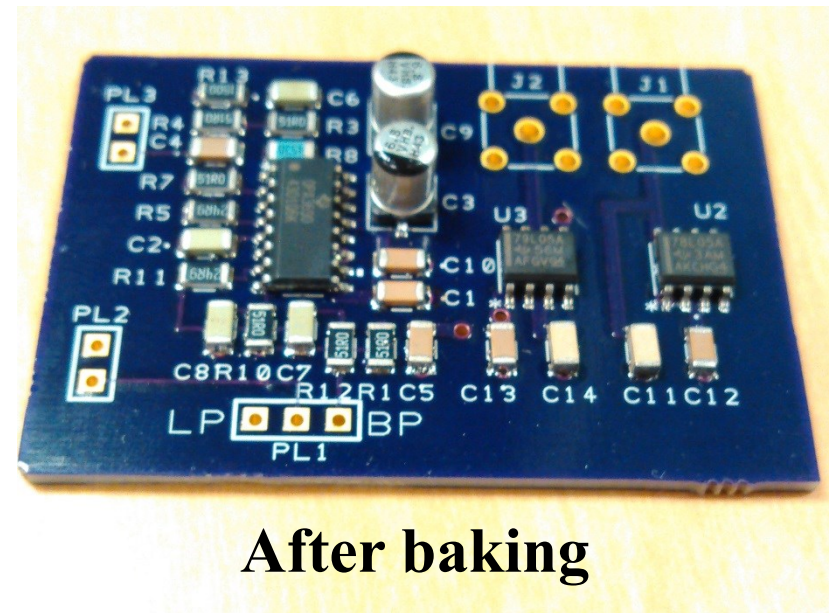
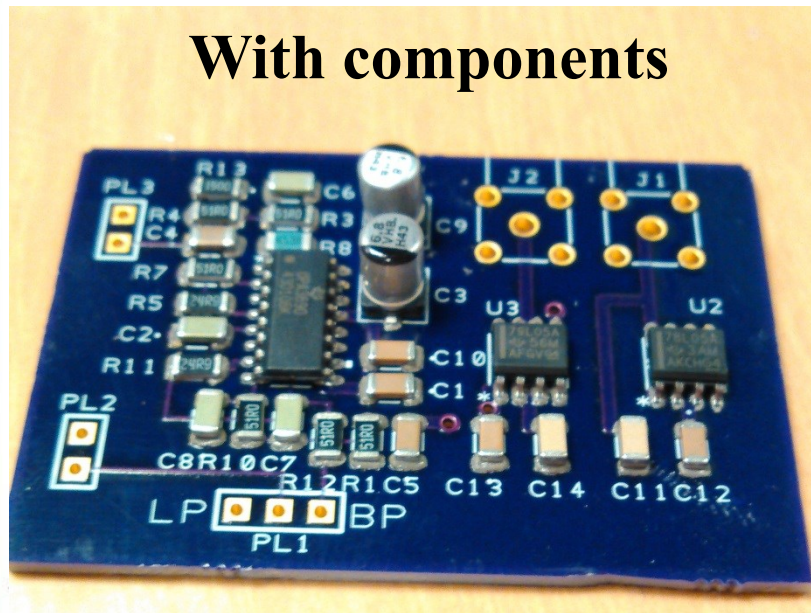
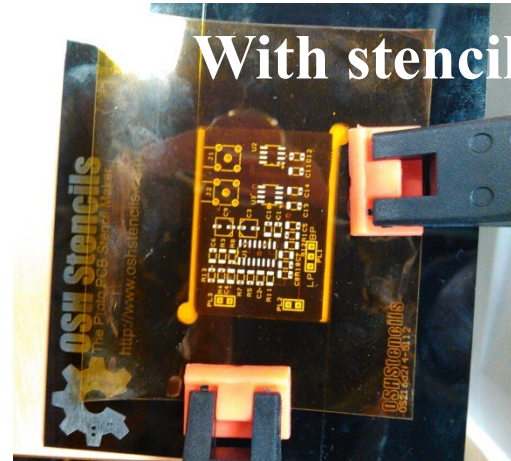
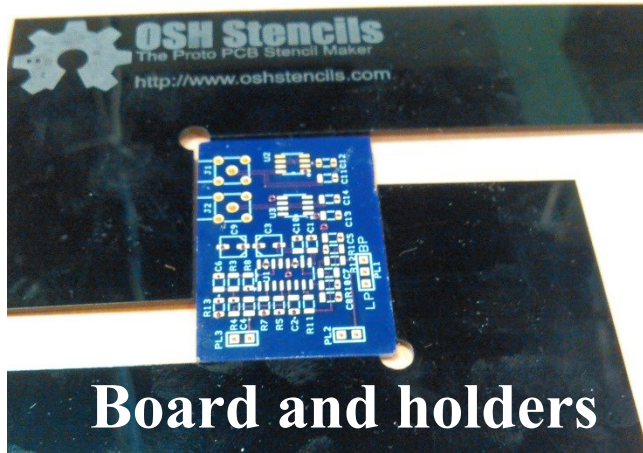
+



=

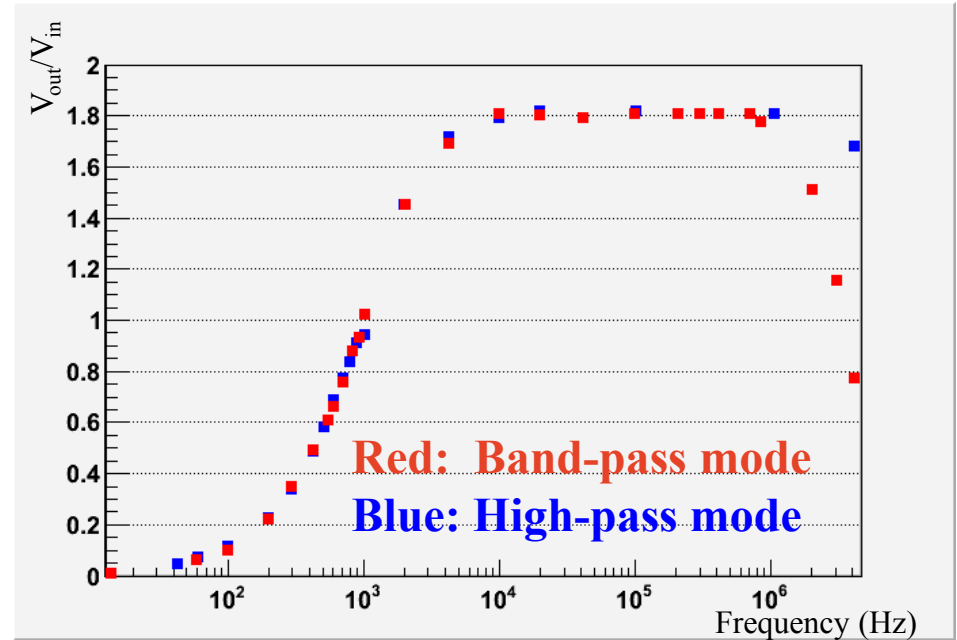
Reflow soldering device

Making single channel board

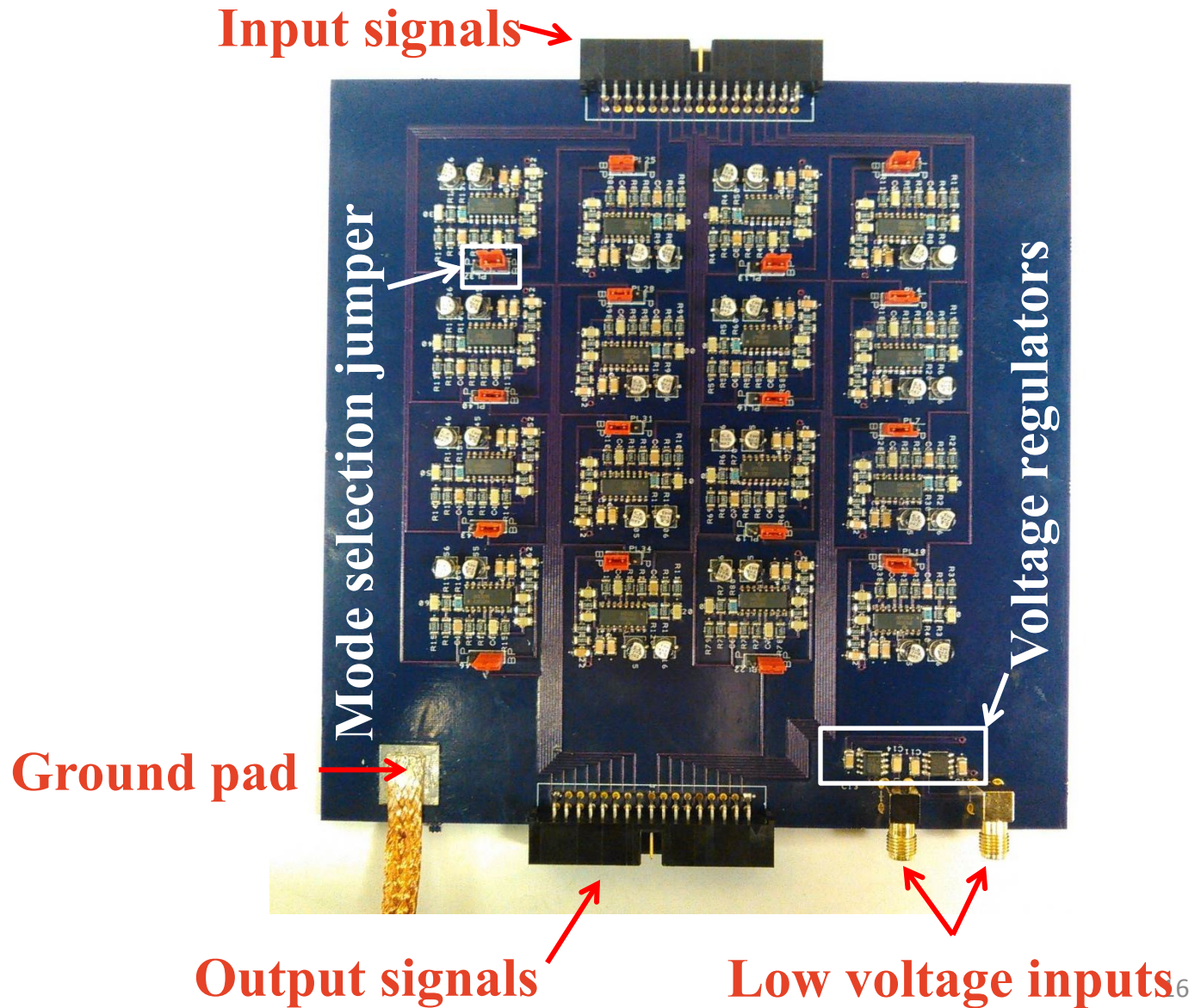


Test results for single channel board

- Our frequency generator only goes up to 4 MHz



16-channel board



Enclosure and LV inputs

- Robert Lee (ASU undergrad) helped machine the front and back panels of the enclosure
- Nick Sandoval modified the polarimeter distribution box to supply the LV needed to power the filter



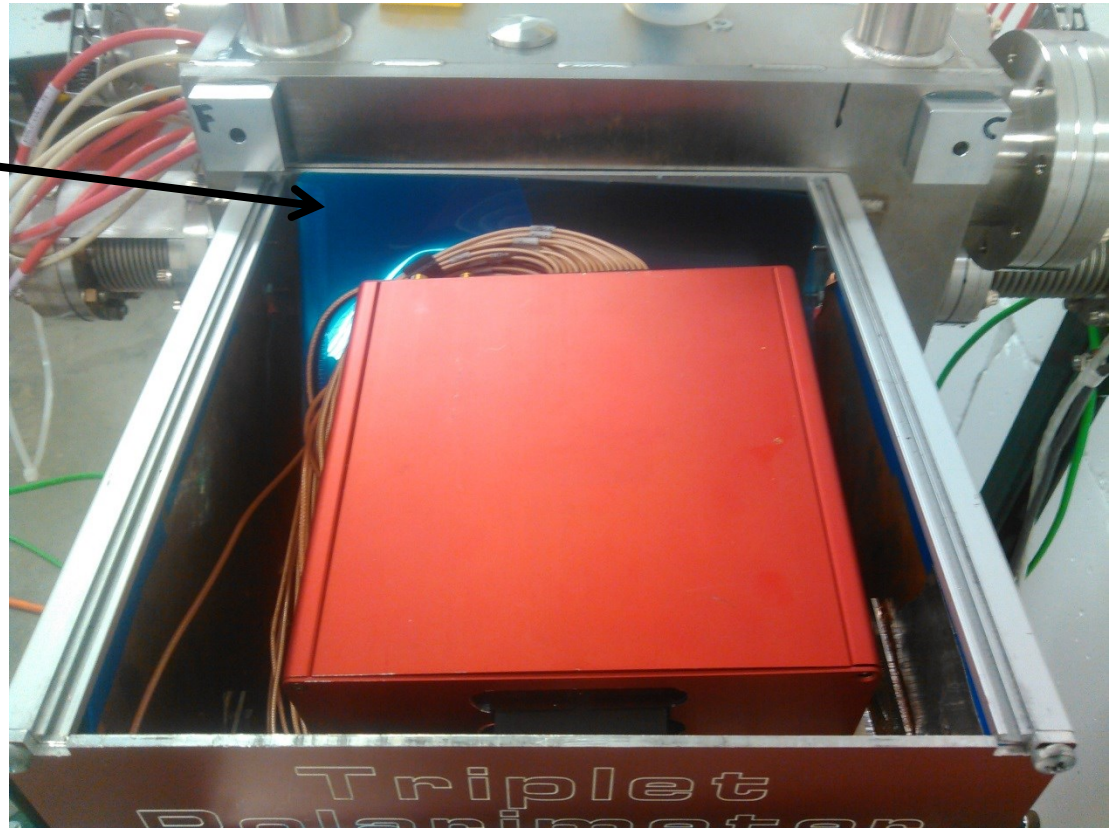
Ground straps

Output signals

LV inputs

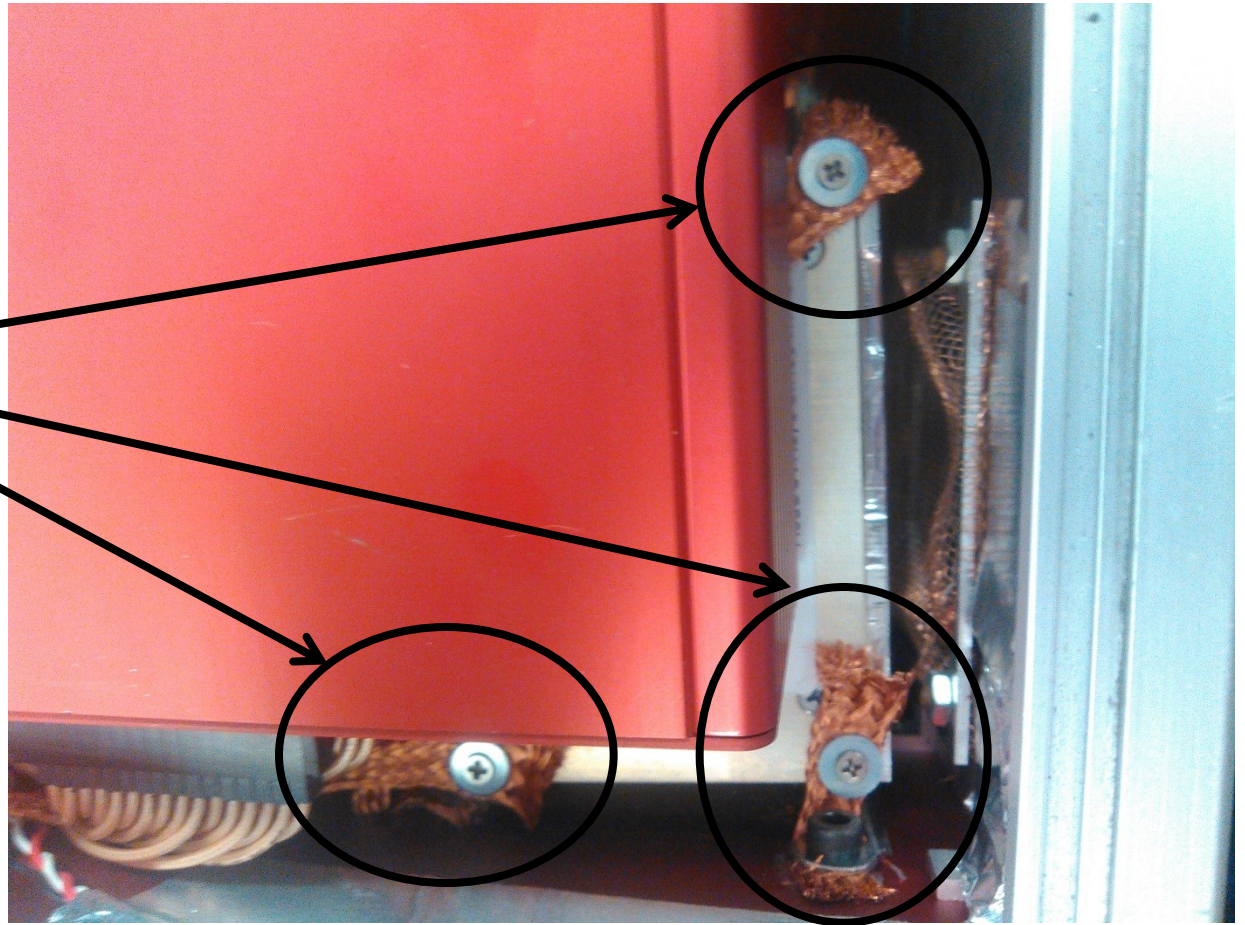
Filter box installed in the preamp enclosure

- Important: plastic separator between filter box and electrical feedthrough flange
- Could not fit filter box inside the distribution box, had to put it in the preamp enclosure
- Filter box sits on top of the preamp boxes

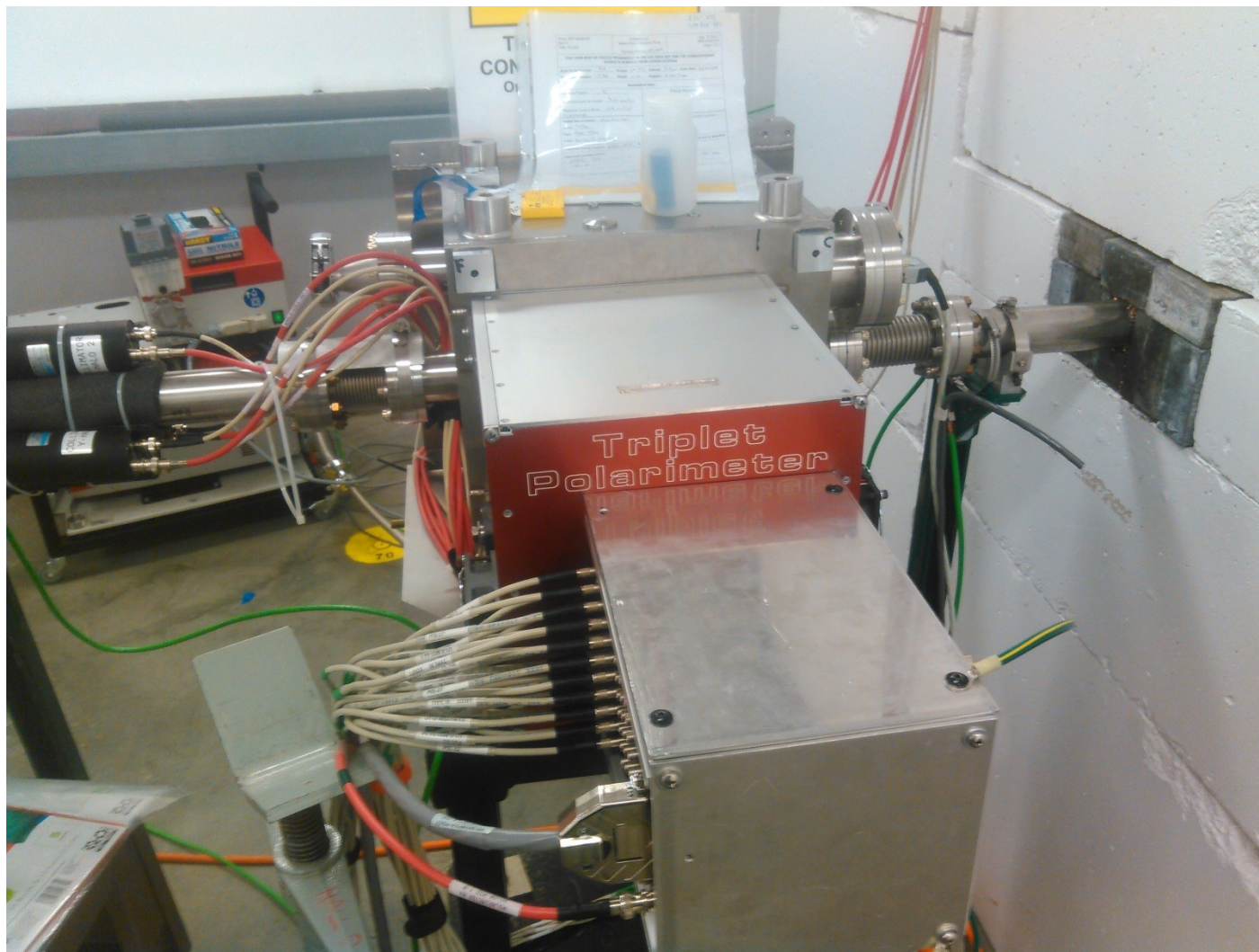


Grounding the preamp box

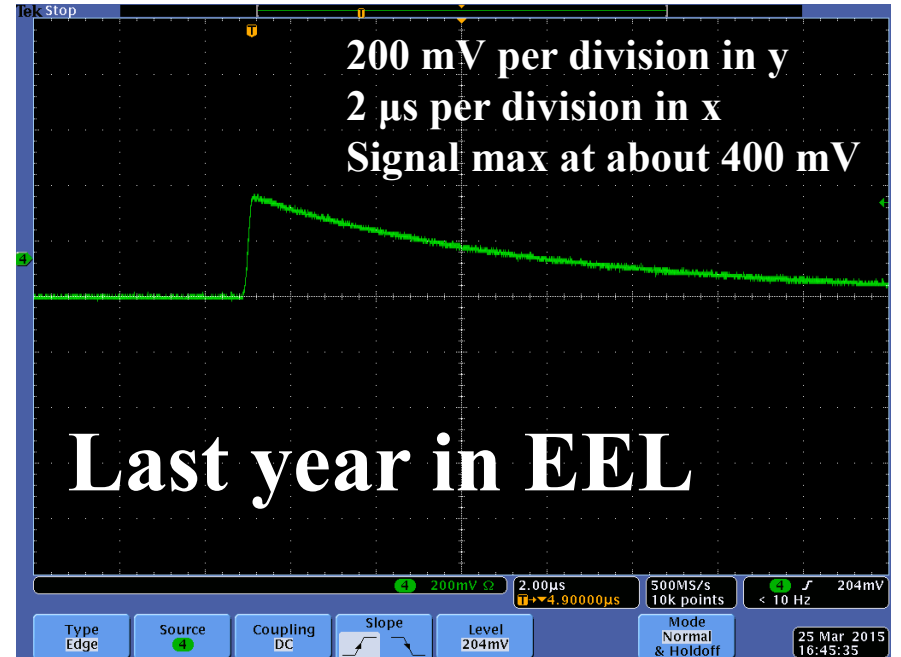
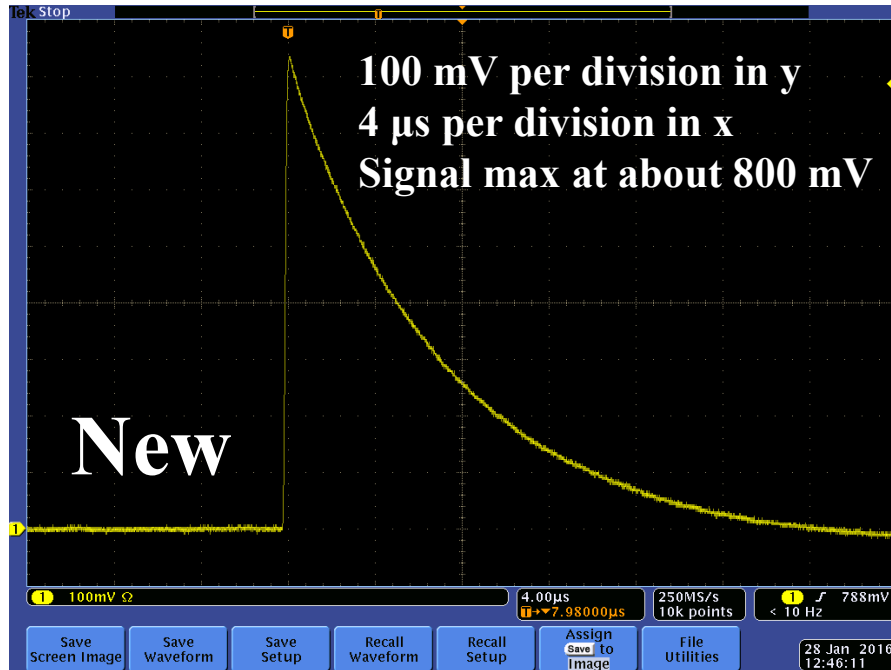
- Important: 1/2 inch copper braids from preamp box to front panel of enclosure



Polarimeter all buttoned up

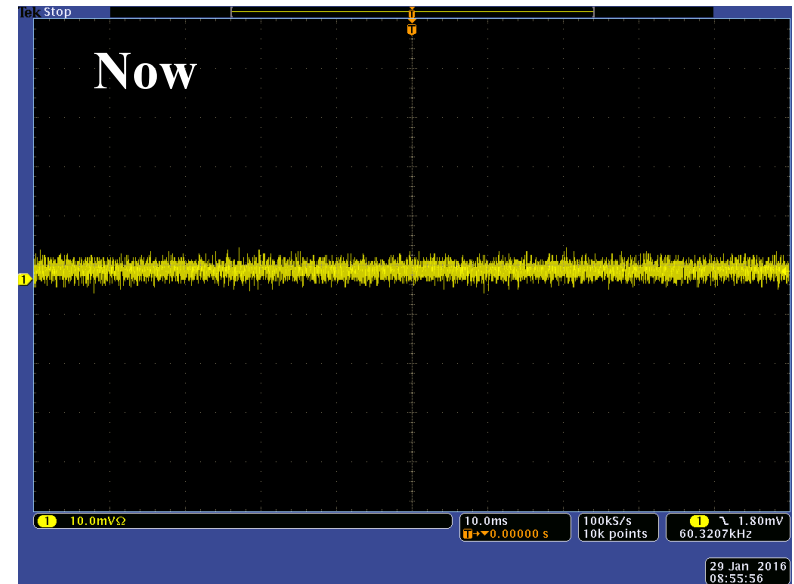


Americium 241 alpha signal



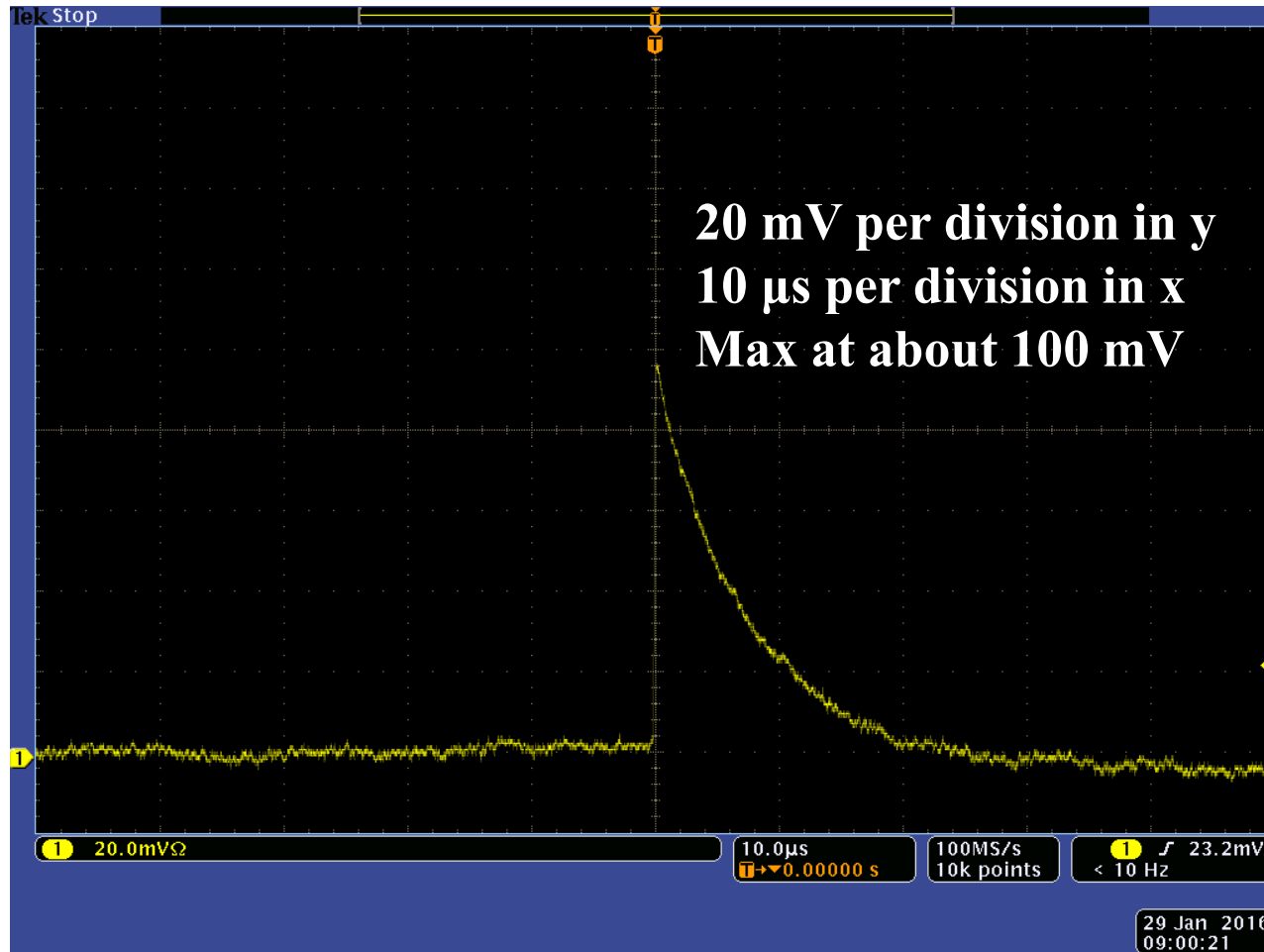
- Note: No chirping was seen when we were in the EEL
- Sensitivity has increased by a factor ~ 2

Baseline

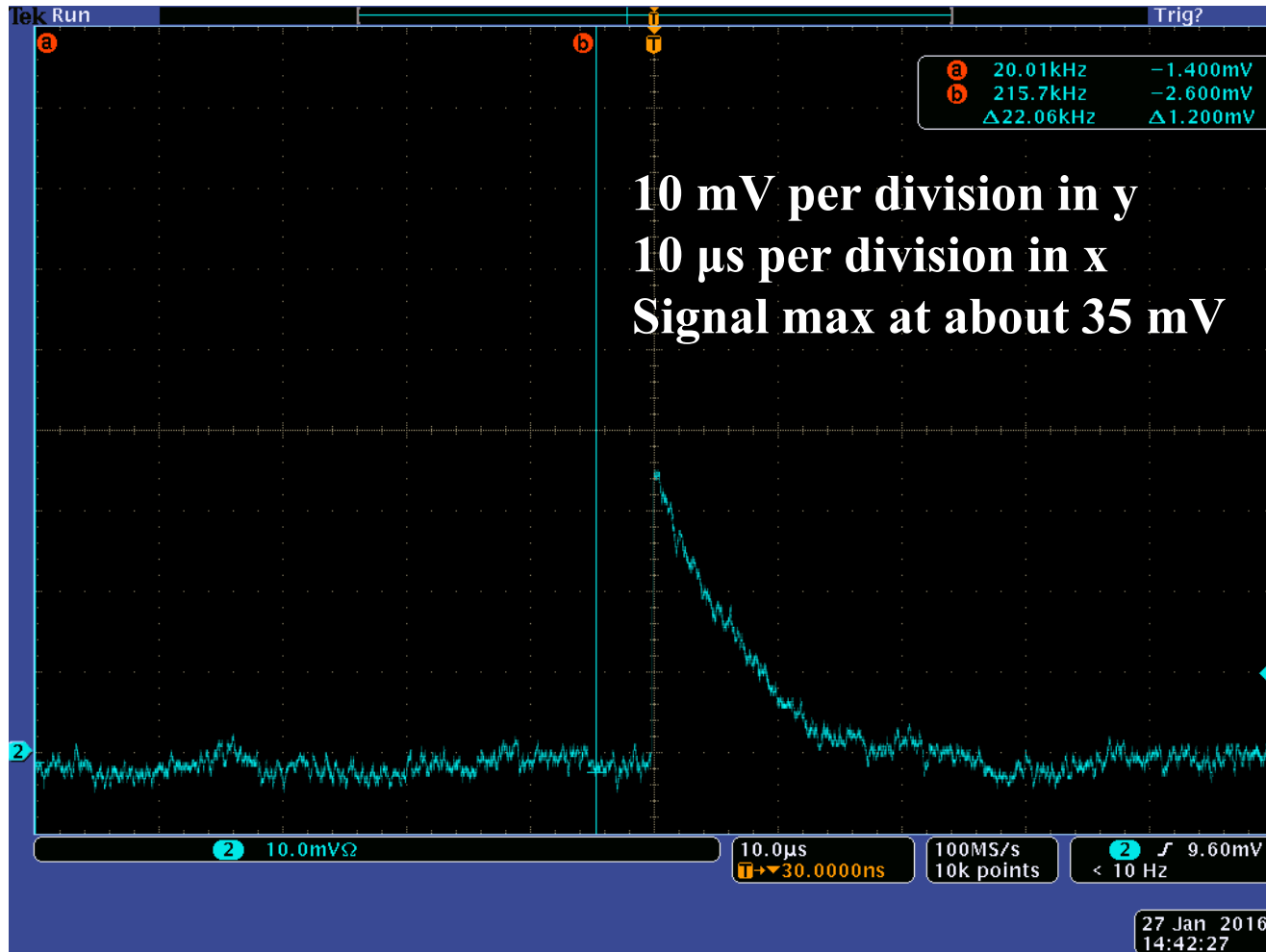


- 10 mV per division in y
- 10 ms per division in x

Cosmic



Cesium 137 beta signal



Survey of detector and new converter tray

- The new converter tray is centered in the y -direction to within 350 microns
- Detector is 670 microns above center and 180 microns left of center
- Detector has moved 70 microns upstream from previous survey
- Distance from downstream part of converter tray to upstream part of detector is 31.8 mm
- The new x -positions of the converters have been put into the slow controls by Havones

Foils

- Foils have been installed
 - position 1: 50 micron beryllium (1.42×10^{-4} rad lengths)
 - position 2: 75 micron beryllium (2.13×10^{-4} rad lengths)
 - position 3: 750 micron beryllium (2.13×10^{-3} rad lengths)

**New converter that is 10 times
as thick as used in Spring 2015**

Title



Title



Title



Title



Title