# A study of meson resonances decaying into $K^-K^+\pi^0$ , with emphasis on $mass(K^-K^+)$ near $mass(\phi)$

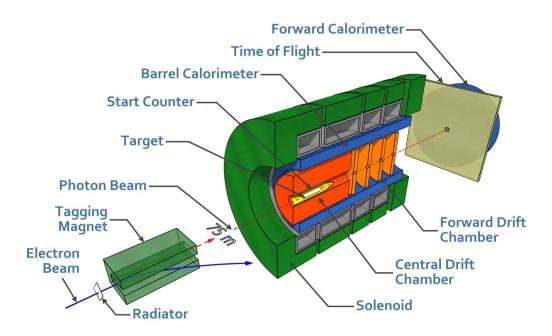
#### Motivation:

- Investigating K\* K final states as a decay mode of possible hybrid mesons candidates
- Mapping the low-lying meson spectrum



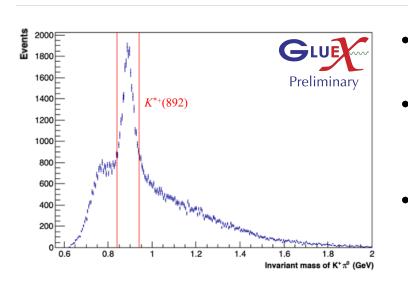
#### **Event Selection**

- $K^{\pm}$  hit in the Time of Flight
- $K^{\pm}$  momentum is < 3.0 GeV
- $\pi^0$  reconstructed from  $\gamma \gamma$

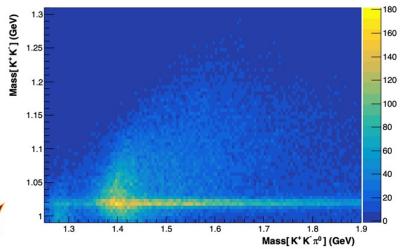


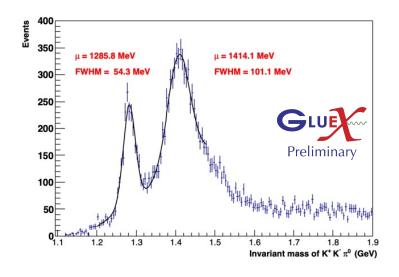


## Study of $K^+K^-\pi^0$ events and contribution from $K^+K^-$

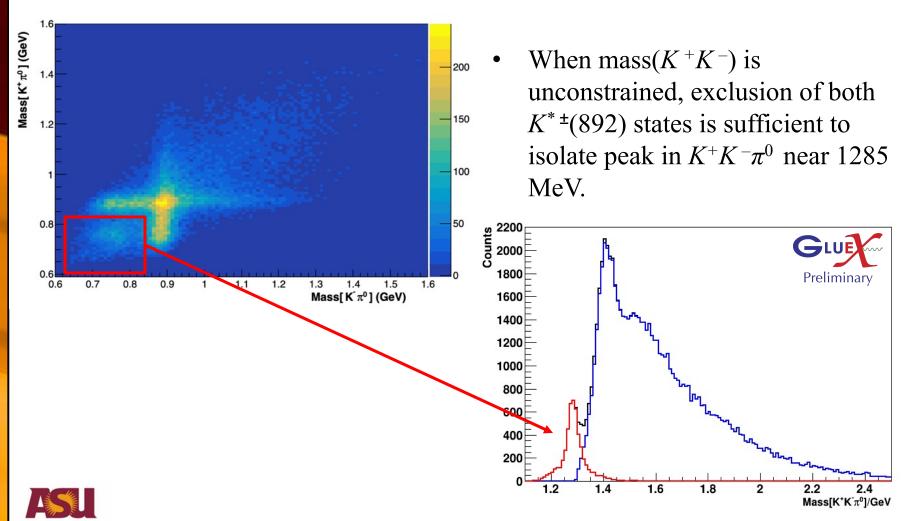


Upper left: reconstruction of  $K^{*+}(892)$  with considerable background visible Lower left: stripe in  $K^+K^-$  due to  $\phi(1020)$  with enhancements visible in  $K^+K^-\pi^0$  near 1.28 GeV and 1.4 GeV Lower right:  $K^+K^-\pi^0$  spectrum with  $K^+K^-$  below 1 GeV

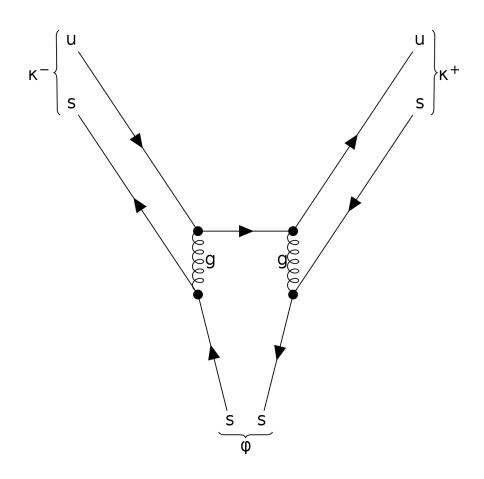




#### Enhancement in $mass(K^{\pm}\pi^{0}) \leq mass(K^{*}(892))$



# Now focusing on events with $mass(K^-K^+)$ near $mass(\phi)$



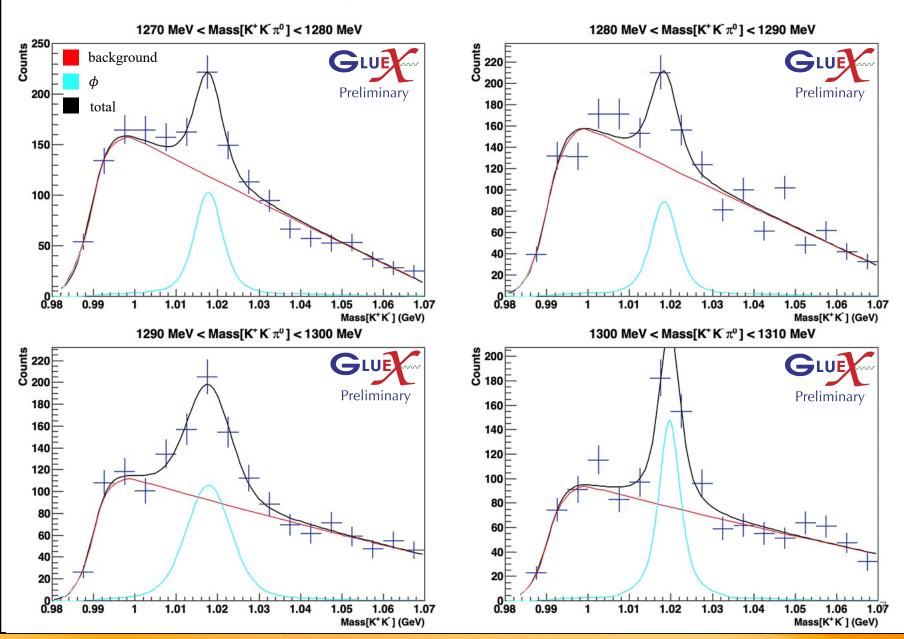


#### Fitting of $K^+K^-$

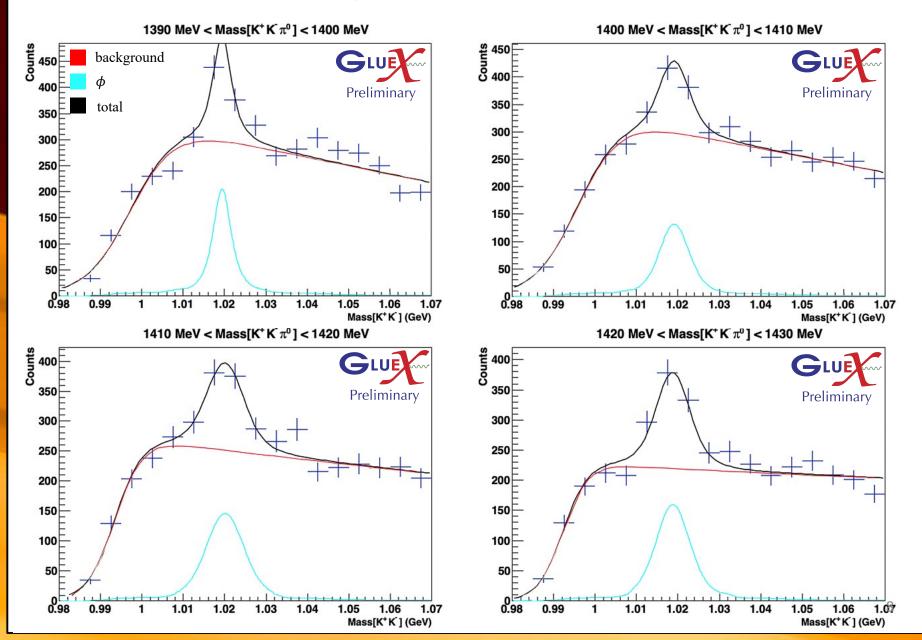
- Voigt function used
- Smear parameter calculated by fitting mass( $K^+K^-$ ) with Gaussian near mass( $\phi(1020)$ ) and comparing resulting width to PDG width of  $\phi(1020)$  equal to 4.249 MeV
- First-order polynomial multiplied by sigmoid function used for background to simulate near-threshold behavior



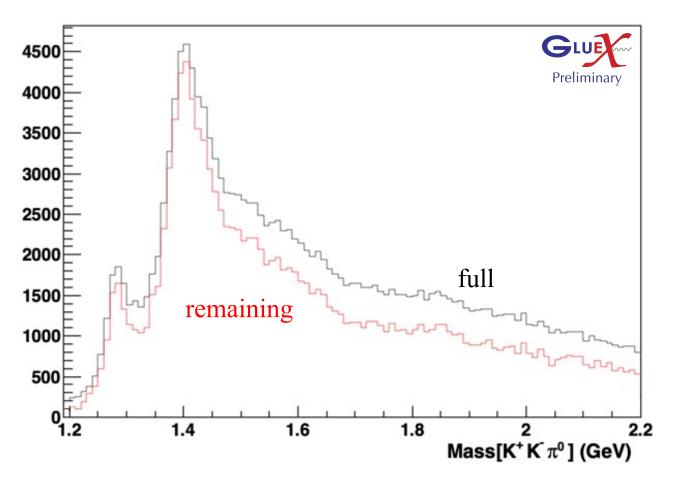
#### Mass $(K^+K^-)$ for ranges in Mass $(K^+K^-\pi^0)$ near 1.3 GeV



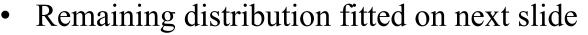
## Mass $(K^+K^-)$ for ranges in Mass $(K^+K^-\pi^0)$ near 1.4 GeV



#### Background subtracted from $mass(K^+ K^- \pi^0)$

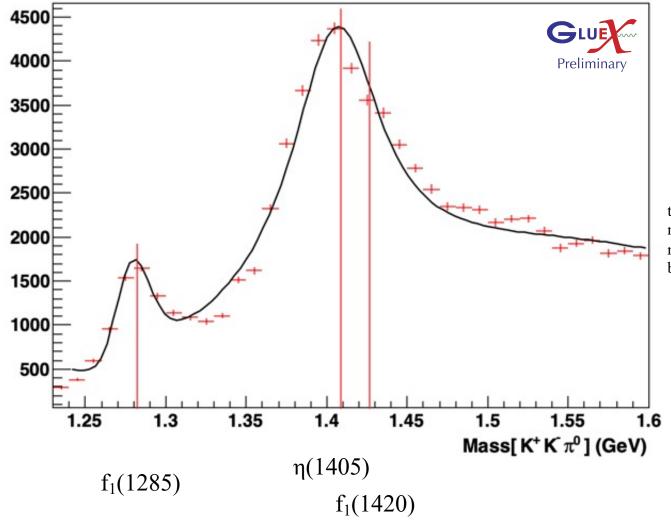








## $\phi \pi^0$ and $K^*(892)$ excluded



\* Red vertical lines to indicate PDG mass values of the meson states given below



#### Forward direction

- Perform a partial wave analysis of the *K\*K* final states
- Investigate K\*K final states in the study of possible hybrid mesons candidates



